POST Published daily except on Saturday by The Palestine Post Ltd. Founded in 1932 by GERSHON AGRON
Registered at the G.P.O. Copyright of all contents reserved; reproduction permitted only by arrangement.
Editor: TED R. LURIE
Head Office: 9 Rehov Haarazim, Jerusalem, P.O.Box 81, Tel. 24253.
Tel Aviv: 32 Rehov Nahlat Binyamin, P.O.Box 1725, Tel. 64251.
Haifa: 24 Rehov Herzl, Hadar Hacarmel. P.O.Box 4810, Tel. 43504.
Annual Subscriptions: IL 42.
SINGLE COPY: 18 AGORA.
Vol. XXXVII, No. 10069*

THE JERUSALEM POST

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1961 • 15 Tamuz, 5721 • 16 Muharam, 1381

JERUSALEM'S
OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND WOMEN

ROSENBLUM
1 PRINCESS MARY AVE.
Now's the time to get your light Summer-wear and enjoy life!

Debre: Partition If No Agreed Solution

By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — Premier Michel Débre was interrupted with shouts of "monstrous" and "impossible" from right-wing Deputies when he told the National Assembly yesterday that France will partition Algeria if no other way can be found to a reasonable settlement.

The regions where European settlers and pro-French Moslems will, if need be, set up "autonomous organization," leaving the rest of the country to fend for itself, are, he declared, "already marked on the map."

Partition, he pointed out, "is by no means a new phenomenon. Our century offers many examples of it." In obvious reference to the separation between Pakistan and India, he added "geographical divisions have been carried out and have proved successful, to the advantage of Moslem populations whose fate could not safely be surrendered to others."

In a 30-minute speech which, with its virile liberalism, will probably appeal as little to FLN extremists as it did to French rightists, Premier Debre firmly drew the line beyond which France will not retreat in its effort to achieve a negotiated peace with the FLN — a line which President de Gaulle himself finalized before leaving on his Lorraine tour and which was approved by a Cabinet meeting yesterday morning.

The main points of the Gaullist "line of no retreat" in an eventual agreement with the FLN are first, "Establishment of organic co-operation between Moslem and European communities with both participating in the organisation of public authority in Algeria"; secondly, "The future of the Sahara cannot be settled in the course of talks conducted only with the FLN — the status of the desert, which is a sort of inland sea must be settled in consultation and cooperation with all other states concerned"; thirdly, "French troops must always safeguard positions necessary to France's mission" — in other words, maintain certain military bases.

At Evian, it will be recalled, the FLN echoing *Algeria Française* zealots, declared that the only feasible alternatives for Algeria are Frenchification or secession, and the Gaullist plan for an independent Algeria associated with France is "impracticable."

The Gaullist rejoinder, as delivered yesterday by M. Debre, is that the choice in Algeria lies between the creation of an undivided Algerian State "advancing to prosperity", or a "divided Algeria where the FLN-controlled State will be "doomed to misery and bloody anarchy."

The Premier declared that at Evian the FLN did not accept the idea of "an organic cooperation" between the European and Moslem communities in Algeria.

The rebels spoke of minority guarantees, but the insurgents held the view that these guarantees would be decided in accordance with the wishes of the majority in Algeria. He added: "This means in fact that there would have been no guarantees."

FLN TO DISCUSS SAHARA IN RABAT

TUNIS (Reuter). — Ferhat Abbas, "Premier" of the "Algerian Provisional Government" will lead a delegation to Morocco, sources close to FLN leadership said last night.

The visit, which it was said will take place "soon," is at the invitation of King Hassan. The Algerian rebels and the Moroccan leaders are expected to have talks on a number of subjects, among them the Sahara, the sources said.

De Gaulle: Algeria To Be Decolonized

VERDUN, East France (Reuter). — President de Gaulle said in a speech here yesterday that France must "complete decolonization in Algeria just as she has done in Black Africa and Madagascar."

The President has started a five-day tour of the Eastern Province of Lorraine He was cheered by the rural crowds on his arrival.

He continued: "France wants Algeria to take hold of her own destiny, to become a sovereign and independent state and that this state should receive the aid and support of France."

President de Gaulle described the international situation as dangerous. He said: "It is by being erect and united, first between Frenchmen and then between our allies, the free peoples, that we shall have every chance of fighting off the storm. If we are weak and divided we shall attract the storm."

He also tackled the controversial agricultural problem. "It is true," he said, "that we are having more difficulty in modernizing agriculture than we have had in modernizing industry. But this modernization is taking place.

"It implies a bigger effort on the part of the administration and also on the part of the farmers. Using tractors on the roads is not the way progress will be made, but by hard work."

For the first time since the war, President de Gaulle paid an unqualified tribute to Marshal Petain, the victor of the battle of Verdun, who, almost 30 year later, was condemned to death for treason and collaboration with the Nazis.

"I do not forgot the services rendered to the nation by all those who fought here, including him who was their commander. The page of history written here at Verdun is untarnished."

Truce in French 'Farmers Revolt'

PARIS (Reuter). — Leaders of the French "farmers revolt" yesterday called a truce to permit consultations with the Government at roundtable conference in Paris today.

The decision followed an "ultimatum" from Prime Minister Debre — whose effigy has been hung from poles and balconies in market towns — that he would call off today's meeting unless the agitation ceased.

Holiday-makers were hit by demonstrations against the government farm policy earlier yesterday when wine-growers blocked roads and railways along the main touring routes to Barcelona and the Spanish coast.

Tractor barricades also blocked the Channel port of Calais.

The Nice-Bordeaux train, packed with holidaymakers, left Beziers yesterday after riot police had cleared the line. It had been kept all night in the railway station.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Finnish Prime Minister, Mr. Vieno Sukselainen was found guilty by the Helsinki Court of Sessions yesterday of administrative irregularities in his capacity as Director-General of the Board of the Finnish State Pensions Institution. The Court ordered him to be dismissed from that post.

Tshombe Insists Katanga Will Keep Autonomy

ELISABETHVILLE (Reuter). — President Moise Tshombe told the House of Representatives here yesterday that Katanga would remain independent "and the Government and I will never retreat."

The President, addressing a special session of the Lower House of Parliament, said: "We will do everything possible to see that Katanga goes ahead, and the Government and I will never retreat from any obstacle."

President Tshombe described his two-month detention by the Central Congolese Government as "this hell." He said the arrest of himself and his Foreign Minister, Mr. Evariste Kimba, had shown the Katanga people were unified and politically mature.

Stand on Tananarive

The Katangan Minister of Interior, Mr. Godefroid Munongo, who spoke after Mr. Tshombe, said: "A new political policy will be carefully examined by the Cabinet."

He added: "The political spirit of the Tananarive conference must be followed to the letter."

The Tananarive (Madagascar) conference of the leaders of most Congo factions agreed to set up a confederation of Congo states. But the later Coquilhatville conference — from which President Tshombe walked out — was reported to have gone back on this decision. It was after his walkout that President Tshombe was seized by the Central Congolese Government.

Following Tuesday's announcement that the President will take 30 day's leave, it was reported yesterday that he will leave Elisabethville on Friday and visit a number of Katangan towns before going to stay with his family in Sweden, West Katanga.

Kuwait Mobilizes Army As Iraq Hints at Wider Claims

Kuwait has alerted its brigade-sized army in the face of Iraq's claims to the oil state, it was reported in Amman yesterday. Britain yesterday announced its support for the ruler of the Persian Gulf country.

Kuwaiti officers and men of Jordanian and Palestinian origin who are spending leave in Jordan are being flown back. About 30,000 Jordanians and Palestinians work in Kuwait.

(A brigade, under British Army standards, normally has about 1,500 men, plus one or two supporting squadrons of about 100 men.)

Meanwhile, Iraq hinted yesterday that Premier Karim Kassem's bid for annexation of Kuwait may extend to all the oil-bearing regions of the Persian Gulf's west coast.

Baghdad Radio declared the Iraqi people are cabling congratulations to Kassem on his move to "liberate Kuwait" and urging him to "save all the other rings in the chain of the Persian Gulf territories and return them to the Iraqi motherland."

An official statement issued in Cairo early yesterday morning (and reported briefly in our second edition) said the UAR could support the union of Iraq and Kuwait only if it was "a complete expression of the will of the Arab people based on freedom of choice."

The statement, issued by the Minister of State and Deputy Minister of Presidential Affairs, Lt.-Colonel Abdel Kader Hatem, said Abdul Nasser was following with interest the "surprising situation" in relations between Iraq and Kuwait.

It said the UAR could not imagine "a struggle for Arab soil between two Arab peoples."

King Saud of Saudi Arabia has sent a cable to King Hussein of Jordan expressing the hope that "wise opinion will prevent any action on the sister State of Kuwait."

He also said that "Kuwait and Saudi Arabia should be considered as one country."

In his reply, Hussein maintained his reserved attitude. He assured Saud that 'Jordan will continue to support right and justice and will labour towards the general good of our Arab nation everywhere."

The Sudanese Prime Minister, General Ibrahim Abboud has reaffirmed recognition of Kuwait as an independent state, Cairo Radio reported.

The British Foreign Secretary, Lord Home, told the House of Lords yesterday that Britain has assured the ruler of Kuwait of its support.

Answering questions, Lord Home stated that last week's exchange of notes between London and Kuwait ending Britain's protection of the sheikhdom, merely affirmed Kuwait's independence, which has been internationally recognized for some time past.

He said the British and Kuwait Governments "have been in consultation and Her Majesty's Government has assured the ruler of its support."

Later, Mr. Edward Heath, Lord Privy Seal, told the Commons that Britain was in full consultation with the U.S. Government over Kuwait. — Reuter, AFP

Large Bonn Credit For UAR Projects

BONN (Reuter). — West Germany has promised credits of 500m. marks (about IL250m.) towards the cost of the Euphrates dam in Syria, an Economics Ministry spokesman said yesterday (confirming yesterday's brief report).

He said the credits, to be made available on favourable terms, would be spread over 10 years, since planning and building the dam would last until about 1970.

West Germany would also make a technical and economic survey of the project lasting about 18 months.

The Dam was discussed by Vice-President Abdul Latif Bogdadi during talks with Economics Minister Ludwig Erhard in Bonn during the previous two days.

The West German news agency DPA said the UAR delegation presented a list of projects totalling more than 2,000 m. marks during the talks. The agency said the UAR was expected here to receive West German aid worth about 1,000 m. marks by 1970.

Substantial Help

A communique issued by the West German Economics Ministry later said Germany had agreed to make "substantial contributions" to development projects in the UAR as well as the 500m. marks for the Euphrates Dam. It gave no details of the other projects discussed.

The communique said the delegations discussed the increase of cotton sales to Germany and an expansion of tourism between the two countries.

UAR delegation sources said the Euphrates Dam would cost about 1,600m. marks, of which about half was being sought from foreign countries. West Germany with 500 m. marks would thus be the biggest foreign contributor.

The dam would irrigate about 700 hectares of land and provide about 630,000 kilowatts of generating capacity.

US Envoy to UAR To Seek Closer Ties

NEW YORK. — Mr. John Badeau, newly appointed U.S. Ambassador to the United Arab Republic, said yesterday before departing for his post from Idlewild Airport that he would work for closer relations between the two countries.

The Ambassador, who formerly was President of the Near East Foundation, said he had spent 20 years in the Arab world, had met Abdul Nasser and had many friends there.

4 Ministers Dropped From Jordan Cabinet

AMMAN (Reuter). — Four Ministers were dropped in a Cabinet reshuffle announced last night. They include Foreign Minister Mussa Nasser, whose portfolio is taken over by Prime Minister Bahjat Talhouni.

The Interior Justice and Education Ministers have also been dropped.

Four new Ministers in the Cabinet are: Hassan Kateb, Jalil Harb, Abdulla Majeed Murtada and Rashid Sahbag.

The reshuffle came after Talhouni submitted the resignation of his cabinet to King Hussein. He said he had assumed office as caretaker after the assassination of Majali last August. Talhouni was immediately asked to form a new government.

Mrs. Meir Discusses Attacks with von Horn

Mrs. Golda Meir yesterday invited the Chief of Staff of the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization, General Carl von Horn, to the Foreign Ministry and asked him for his explanation of the current series of Syrian attacks, the Ministry spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* last night. The spokesman had earlier announced that "the serious situation along the Syrian border" was discussed.

General von Horn was accompanied by his political and legal advisers, M. Henri Vigier and Mr. A. Leriche. The Director of the Foreign Ministry's Armistice Affairs Division, Dr. Avraham Biran, was present.

Our Tiberias reporter said that during Tuesday night, a few shots were fired from Syrian fortified positions in the direction of Ashmora and Mishmar Hayarden. No one was hit and the fire was not returned.

No incidents were reported throughout the day yesterday.

(Yarmuk Diversion — Page 3)

Iran Ex-Minister Held For 'Anti-State Acts'

TEHERAN (Reuter). — Security police last night arrested Ahmad Aramesh, former Minister of State and head of Persia's seven-year plan organization, for "acting against the security of the state."

He was also accused of "creating confusion and unrest among the public by insidious propaganda."

Aramesh was planning chief in the Government of Sharif Emami, who resigned as Prime Minister last month following criticism of his handling of a teachers' strike.

At a press conference at his home last Monday, Aramesh claimed that "foreign powers toppled" the Emami Government because he intended to quit the Western-backed Central Treaty Organization and make Persia neutral.

He said the Soviet Government had offered the Emami Government substantial economic aid, including an offer to exploit Iran's oil resources and give 100 per cent of the profit to Persia, if the country acquired a "neutral status."

He claimed that the West was pursuing a policy of "lend and rule," and he called for closer cooperation with Russia.

US, Soviet Leaders Both Ready To Talk, But Not to Surrender

K: German Treaty Will Be Signed

MOSCOW. — Prime Minister Khrushchev yesterday declared that the Soviet Union is "ready to negotiate honestly" on Germany and West Berlin but would not submit to intimidation, and a German peace treaty would be signed.

The Premier said the Soviet armed forces were taking "the necessary measures" to meet any Western mobilization after the signing of a peace treaty with East Germany, and warned the West not to use force against East Germany.

Some 2,000 Russians packing the Grand Kremlin Palace for a Soviet-North Vietnamese "friendship meeting" greeted his remarks with thunderous applause.

Raising his voice and punching his points home vigorously, Mr. Khrushchev said: "We are taking the necessary measures — and if needs be, will take additional measures — for the consolidation of our security and fighting capacity."

He acknowledged that in signing a peace treaty, "we will evidently have to pass a cold period." This would be "artificially cold" because there were no good reasons for it.

Mr. Khrushchev insisted there would be no kind of blockade of West Berlin once a treaty had been signed. "Access to the city will not be hindered — West Berlin can have links with all the neighbouring states it likes." But the West would have to settle the question of communications with West Berlin by a treaty with East Germany.

The Prime Minister said, "We are ready to talk with all, but if anyone wants us to be drawn into prolonged talks, we shall not go in for that."

"If any Western powers consider it possible to resort to force in their relations with the (East) German Democratic Republic, then their law is the law of gangsterism, and one cannot repel a gangster by prayers; a gangster can be defeated only with a stick."

Mr. Khrushchev continued: "We propose to sign a peace treaty with both German states. Let West Germany, which is a member of the military Nato bloc, stay in this bloc. Let the German Democratic Republic remain a member of the Warsaw Treaty.

"Let the position stay as it is until the sides agree on the liquidation of military blocs.

"The Soviet Union and her friends want one thing: the strengthening of peace and the improvement of the situation in Europe. We do not want anything else."

Mr. Khrushchev said the Soviet Union had every right to sign a separate peace treaty with East Germany because the U.S. had signed what he described as a separate peace treaty with Japan.

Noting that the unification of two countries with the same social system is not "a simple matter," he added that in the case of the two Germanies, with their differing systems, it would even be more difficult.

The Premier made these other points:

- The Soviet Government was "against all types of nuclear weapons." Any agreement in the matter had so far been impossible because of the "unwillingness of the Western powers to consider the Soviet point of view." Russia was ready to accept any system of control over disarmament proposed by the West so long as they agreed to such disarmament.
- His meeting with President Kennedy in Vienna was "useful" and such talks would also be useful in the future if statesmen tried to solve disputed questions through negotiation and not through policies based on positions of strength.

JFK: Allies Firm on Berlin

WASHINGTON. — President Kennedy yesterday told a press conference that "we shall always be ready to discuss any proposals which would give increased protection to the right of the people of Berlin to exercise their independent choice as free men." But, he said, the Soviet Union would be making a grave mistake if it supposed allied unity and determination on Berlin could be undermined by threats of fresh aggressive acts.

President Kennedy said: "There is peace in Germany and in Berlin. If it is disturbed, it will be a direct Soviet responsibility."

He said the kind of "free city" which East German leaders had in mind was one in which the rights of the citizens of West Berlin were gradually but relentlessly extinguished.

"No one can fail to appreciate the gravity of this threat," he declared.

At the same time the President said: "We would agree there is unfinished business to be settled as concerns Germany."

During questioning on the Berlin situation the President was asked if he felt the threat was serious enough to persuade him to meet Mr. Harold Macmillan and President de Gaulle.

He replied: "I have no doubt we will have close exchanges with Mr. Macmillan and President de Gaulle, and when the matter reaches a point where a meeting will be useful we will have it."

In reply to another question, the President said no plan for partial mobilization of forces over Berlin had been placed before him at the present time.

He said steps which could be taken to implement the West's commitments to Berlin are under consideration by various groups "and of course we will be considering a whole variety of measures."

President Kennedy told the press conference the Soviet Union's refusal to negotiate seriously on a nuclear test ban in Geneva was "disheartening." He announced that he had directed the convening of a special panel of eminent scientists to study whether the Soviet Union could be testing secretly.

The Soviet refusal to negotiate a test ban treaty "raises a serious question about how long we can safely continue on a voluntary basis a refusal to undertake tests in this country without any assurance that the Russians are not now testing," the President said.

The President also said he believed the U.S. would continue to out-produce the Soviet Union for the remainder of the 20th century if the U.S. growth rate continued to increase at the present 3½ to 4½ per cent.

He rejected Mr. Khrushchev's recent statement comparing the U.S. to "a worn-out runner living on its past performance."

Noting Mr. Khrushchev's claim that "the Soviet Union would out-produce the U.S. by 1970," he said that without wishing to trade hyperboles with the Soviet leader, he saw Mr. Khrushchev in the position of a hunter who picked a place on the wall to hang the tiger's skin long before he had caught the tiger.

"This tiger has other ideas," he said. *(AP, Reuter)*

New E. German Decree on Flights

EAST BERLIN (Reuter). — All foreign aircraft entering or leaving East Germany will have to inform the East German air safety authorities by radio from August 1, according to a decree published here by the East German Postal Ministry.

But Western allied sources in West Berlin said the decree did not apply to Western allied military flights or commercial flights in the air corridors between Western Germany and Berlin.

These sources said the decree was being studied but the wording of it did not suggest any change in the present situation by which the Soviet Union, under Four-Power agreement, is responsible for air safety in the three corridors.

The chief Soviet Embassy spokesman, Mr. Yuri Beburov, said in reply to telephone questions on this point: "I have not even heard of the decree, but I should not imagine it will change the existing ruling."

Official East German comment was not immediately forthcoming.

Virtually all commercial air traffic into West Berlin is run by three major Western air lines, with a total of 56 flights daily in each direction.

Eichmann:

Sought to Barter Herzl's Remains

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Eichmann told the Jerusalem District Court yesterday that he had been willing to arrange for the transfer of Herzl's remains to this country if the Vienna Jewish Community could have found countries willing to accept 8,000 immigrants. This was in March, 1939.

It was a barter arrangement, he said, and since, he claimed, he had no authority to act in this matter and would have had to overcome the opposition of the German Foreign Ministry to the transfer of Herzl's remains — he needed the emigration of 8,000 Jews as a bargaining point with his own Nazi leaders.

Herzl's remains were brought to Israel only in 1949, after the establishment of the State.

Willing to Leave

Most of yesterday's testimony centred on Eichmann's work in goading the Jews of Vienna and Prague to emigrate in ever greater numbers. This was before a regime of direct terrors was instituted, and the Jews were willing to leave as fast as they could find havens.

The Crystal Night pogroms on the night of November 9-10, 1938, upset all his efforts to get the Jews out of Austria in a peaceful, if hurried, manner, he said, adding that he had not been forewarned of this pogrom.

In other fields, such as the execution orders in the Theresienstadt concentration camp, Eichmann claimed that he neither signed these orders "nor caused them to be signed."

(Fuller reports — Page 4)

Third Shipment Of Sun Heaters To Lisbon

A cargo of Sun Heaters manufactured by "Miromit Olympia" was shipped a few days ago from Tel Aviv to Lisbon.

Miromit Olympia Sun Heaters Ltd., is the largest company exporting this item to 20 countries.

U.S. Raises Query Of UN's China Seat

CHICAGO (AP). — Secretary of State Dean Rusk said on Tuesday night the U.S. Government is discussing a number of alternatives to keep Nationalist China from losing its seat in the U.N. in any possible move to seat Communist China in the world organization.

Asked at a news conference whether there are any U.S. discussions of the possibility of the U.S. recognizing Communist China, Mr. Rusk replied, "none whatsoever."

He told the newsmen there has been increasing pressure over the past few years, particularly with a number of new nations joining the U.N., to bring the question of Peking's admission to a debate on its merits.

During the past decade, Mr. Rusk said, the U.S. has dealt with the question on a moratorium — having it postponed at the beginning of each session until the next session. This formula no longer will suffice, he said.

The U.S. is concerned, the Secretary said, that the issue might come to a vote as a credentials question; that is, which of the competing Chinese groups should have the seat assigned to China.

This presents the possibility that the member nations could vote Communist China as the legitimate representative of the Chinese people and remove Nationalist China, a development which could be of grave consequence to the U.S. and its support of the Formosan Government.

The Secretary termed inaccurate a report that the U.S. has agreed upon a plan for Communist China's entry into the U.N., saying a number of alternatives are under consideration.

'7' to Act Together On 'Market' Issue

LONDON (AP). — Ministers of the seven-nation European Free Trade Association (Efta) declared last night they will stay united in any attempt to link up with the rival six-nation European Common Market.

An official communique said the Ministerial Council meeting resolved to keep their Association going "until satisfactory arrangements have been worked out . . . to meet the various legitimate interests of all members of Efta, and thus enable them all to participate from the same date in an integrated European Market."

Mr. Reginald Maudling, President of Britain's Board of Trade, was chairman at the two-day council meeting. He told a press conference last night that the Council would meet again soon to consider whether their common objective — a single European Market embracing all the members of Efta — could be achieved through negotiation for membership of, or association with, the European Common Market.

Informants said this meeting would likely be in Geneva before the end of July. By that time the Ministers Britain is sending to sound out other members of the Commonwealth will have returned.

(Earlier reports, Page 3)

West May Call Parley on Germany

WASHINGTON (AP). — Top-ranking U.S. officials said yesterday that the West may take the initiative in calling a conference with the Soviet Union on Germany and Berlin. They said this possibility was one of those now under discussion among the Western Allies.

B.O.?

There's definitely Mizrahi "BODY ODOUR," which is rather unpleasant to mention by name.

B.O. — is a natural, if disagreeable, phenomenon caused by the decomposition of perspiration, particularly in hot weather.

Yes, it's unpleasant to think about "B.O." and still more unpleasant to suffer from it. However, it's easy to get rid of "B.O." by the use of "ARRUTZ", Mizrahi's pungent herbal soap specific for B.O. which quickly puts a feeling of freshness and cleanliness all day long.

IZHAR'S LEISHED SP SPECIAL
The excellent Oil for Cooking, Salads, Frying and Salads.

Kuwait — A Rich Prize
an up-to-date analysis.

Dead Sea Works Vindicated
A thorough survey of a "bargain for long-term investors".

Keeping the Civil Service Civil . . .
Levi Eshkol and Siegfried Moses give their views to Philip Gillon.

New Ways to Finance Housing
Where the banks may take over.

Israel's Week in Review
The latest developments on the Syrian border; election lists; refugee reports; Servatius' defence of Eichmann.

Read these and a host of other informative features in tomorrow's issue of

THE JERUSALEM POST

Order Your Copy Today

EILAT HOTEL
The only de luxe hotel in EILAT
Fully Airconditioned
The only hotel on the shores of the Red Sea
HOTELS SHARON, EILAT, LOD AIRPORT
JOINT MANAGEMENT

Social & Personal

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday entertained to luncheon the Minister of Commerce and Industry and Mrs. Pinhas Sapir.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday received a group of Supreme Court Justices and judges of the District, and Magistrate's Courts, and their wives, who were presented by the Minister of Justice, Mr. P. Rosen, and the Director of Courts, Judge Yehoshua Eisenberg.

President Ben-Zvi yesterday received separately the Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf Zvi Tsur; the Minister-Designate to Poland, Dr. Avigdor Dagan, and Mrs. Dagan; and the Israel Minister to Helsinki, Mr. Yehuda Gaulan.

Mr. Ben-Zvi yesterday received the Jerusalem District Commander, Aluf-Mishne Yosef Nevo.

•

The Minister of Development, Mr. Mordechai Bentov, yesterday received Mr. Walworth Barbour, the U.S. Ambassador, and Mr. Jean-Baptiste Mockey, the Ivory Coast Ambassador.

•

The Australian Ambassador, Mr. John Mill McMillan, yesterday paid a courtesy call on the Histadrut Secretary-General, Mr. Aharon Becker.

•

The Todh Minister of Labour, Social Affairs, and the Civil Service, Mr. Paulin Afouete, was yesterday the guest of the defence establishment.

•

An exhibition of oil paintings by American Jewish artists will be opened today at the Z.O.A. House in Tel Aviv.

•

The guest speaker at the regular luncheon meeting of the Rotary Club of Tel Aviv-Yafo will be Mr. M. Schumacher who will speak on "Impressions of a Lecture Tour in the U.S.A."

Scout Jamboree Next Month

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The eighth national jamboree of the Israel Boy and Girl Scouts Federation will open on Mount Carmel on July 31, and last for five days.

Some 3,500 scouts, including 500 members of the Moslem and Christian scouting groups and some 300 visiting overseas scouts, are expected to take part. Dr. Hanoch Rinot, President of the Federation and Director-General of the Ministry of Education, told the press in Jerusalem yesterday. The delegations from overseas will be the largest ever. They will come from England, the U.S., France, West Germany (10 members), Cyprus, The Philippines, Ceylon, Turkey, and Greece. Confirmation is still awaited from India and Iran.

In line with practice of the world scouts movement, invitations had been sent to all countries with whom Israel has postal connections. In the past, only American, English and French scouts generally came to the Israel jamborees. African scouts here on courses are also expected to join. Mr. Yehuda Barkai, National Director of the Federation, reported. Four groups of "Young Judea" in the U.S., which has close connections with the Israel scouts movement, will attend.

The Israel Federation has 20,000 members, of which 15,000 belong to the Hebrew Scouts Association, and 5,000 to five non-Jewish associations: the Catholic Scouts, Druze, Israel Arab Scouts, Arab School Scouts, and Terra Sancta Scouts.

President Guest Of Defence Ministry

President Ben-Zvi will today pay an official visit to the Defence Ministry. Mr. Ben-Zvi will tour the various departments and will address the Ministry personnel.

The President will be the luncheon guest of Defence Minister Ben-Gurion. The other guests will include the Deputy Defence Minister, the Chief of Staff, the Ministry's Director-General, the Deputy Chief of Staff, and Ministry department heads.

ISRAEL NATIONAL
OPERA
1 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv
Tel. 67780 Air-cooled Hall
SAMSON & DELILAH: 1/7
LA PERICHOLE: 5/7
KISS ME KATE: 5/7
CARMEN: 8/7

Fewer Polio Cases in June

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The number of cases of infantile paralysis (polio) took a sharp turn down during the first three weeks of June, Dr. F. Mossberg, the Ministry of Health District Medical Officer, told the press here yesterday.

The number of cases in May reached a high, for this year, of 64, with 17 of them in the fourth week of that month. The downward trend started in the first week of this month, with only 11 cases registered then and went down to six in the second week and to only four in the third, he said.

Dr. Mossberg said that this encouraging drop was due not only to the live virus vaccinations but to the mass inoculation with the third and fourth Salk shots during the month of February and March, throughout the country. These shots had been given especially in those areas where vaccination had not been completed before, in the villages of Wadi Ara and around Acre. He said that most of the cases in the first half of the year had not received the full series of Salk shots.

Speaking as chairman of the local Branch of Hanshil-Polio, Dr. Mossberg announced that Sergeant Moadel Braun, 41, of the Kiryat Haim Police, this week made his third personal contribution of IL5,000 to the organization to help crippled children. Sgt. Braun, who will go on pension at the end of the year, is a bachelor, and the IL15,000 contribution represents his life savings, put together penny by penny. Hanshil is presenting him with a special certificate of honour.

Dr. Mossberg also announced that the annual polio victim summer camp at Ein Hazarmel will again be run this year, with 180 children attending for three weeks each. Less serious cases will again take part in the regular Municipal camps. The society's day institution for polio victims, now being built on Mt. Carmel, will be opened by the end of the year. He also expressed his thanks to the 200 volunteers who proffer their services to the society in the Haifa area. During 1960, the branch received contributions of IL141,600, which was spent on aid to polio victims in various forms.

In answer to a question, he said that the Ministry of Health had not recommended keeping children away from swimming pools or bathing beaches, this summer. In case of an epidemic however the chances of infection were always obviously greater in crowded places.

Seven 'Israel Spies' Face Cairo Court

The trial of seven persons charged with spying for Israel opened in the Cairo State Security Court on Tuesday, with the prosecution demanding the death penalty for five of the accused and life imprisonment for the other two, according to Cairo Radio.

The accused are: John Leon Thomas, Mohammed Ahmed Hassan Ali, Gravit Jacob Natlian, Leon Kzabar Toma, Kitty Fisher Adolf, George Spick Damrikian, and Hokmat Abdel Ahed Maskef.

The first five are charged with having acquired UAR defence secrets with the intention of passing them on to persons working on behalf of Israel, and of having actually passed on part of this information. All of the accused are charged with conspiracy on behalf of a foreign state.

The radio alleged Thomas and Hassan Ali admitted the charges against them.

BEIRUT PITA-LESS

All Beirut bakers kept their premises closed yesterday to back their demand for a cut of one-third in the price of fuel.

Cannot Trust U.K., Says N. Rhodesian Leader

LUSAKA (AP). — African Nationalist leader Kenneth Kaunda has rejected the new constitution for Northern Rhodesia, threatening to "fight it to the bitter end."

He declared: "The British Government has betrayed us and is treating us like pieces of dirt. Assurances given to me have proved false. We shall no longer rely on British promises."

Mr. Kaunda, who is leader of Northern Rhodesia's militant United National Independence Party, claimed that the constitution is "the worst ever offered to any colony" by the British Government.

He was speaking to reporters at Lusaka Airport before flying to Accra to attend a conference of African leaders.

Thousands Flee Floods in Japan

TOKYO (Reuter). — Thousands of refugees fled before a rising tide of flood water in West and Central Japan yesterday, as the disaster toll rose to 68 dead, 58 missing and 135 injured.

Police said total casualties were expected to be much higher. They said 239,000 persons were now homeless.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
527, 334.4, 249, 199 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.59 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. **French:** 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.10 Musical Clock. 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock (R). 6.55 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Programme Announcements. 11.01 Popular Concert: Rimsky-Korsakov: Capriccio Espagnol, Op. 34; Tchaikowsky: Variations on a Rococo Theme for Cello and Orchestra Opus 33; Glazounov: "Raymonda" Ballet Suite. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Oriental Songs. 12.45 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.59 Opening. 5.05 Programme Announcements. 5.08 Announcements. 5.15 Children's Corner. 5.30 Weekly Summary of the daily Mishna Reading. 5.45 Excerpts from Operas: Verdi: Rigoletto. Soloists: Mario del Monaco (Tenor); Aldo Protti (Baritone); Hilde Gueden (Soprano); Cesare Siepi (Base). 6.30 Sport. 6.50 Youth Corner. 6.57 Daily News Service for the Agriculturalist. 7.15 "The Trial Report." 7.50 "In Light of the Arab Broadcasts." 8.20 Hebrew Songs. 8.50 Bible Reading: "Tehilim," Chaps. 127 & 128. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 Broadcast from "The World of Science" — ed. by N. Sharon & Y. Targuin. 10.10 "Israeli Compositions": Ram Da-On: Sonata for Violin and Piano with Jacob Groob (Violin) and Aria Sachs (Piano) (First Performance). 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
480, 392.7 & 422.5 M.

Commercial Programme: 3.59 Opening. 4.00 Light Programme for Tourists, presented by Yehuda Lev. 5.00 News. 5.05 Announcements. 5.06 Time & Melody. 5.45 Hebrew Songs. Requests. 6.00 "From the Newsroom." 6.02 Requests (continued). 6.15 Jazz. 6.40 "What I Heard This Week." 6.55 "From the Newsroom." 6.57 The Stock Market. 6.59 Close Down.

9.30 p.m. Opening. 9.31 "Play to me Guitar" — ed. by I. Shimoni & R. Dromi. 10.10 "From the Newsroom." 10.12 "Jazz from Champs Elysees." 10.43 Quiet Tunes. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR

7.00 p.m. News in Easy Hebrew. 7.15 Rumanian. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 News in Mograbit. 8.10 News in Hungarian. 8.30 News in Polish. 8.50 Ladino. 9.00 News in French. 9.15 News in English. 9.30 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m., 1.30-2.15, 5.30-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (32.5 M.): Programme to the U.S.: 10.15 News. 10.30 Report on the Eichmann Trial. 10.45 The Lively Arts. 10.45 News Headlines and Close Down.

Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.50 Report on the Eichmann Trial. 7.05 Afrikaans Programme. 7.15 News Headlines & Close Down.

ARMY PROGRAMME (224, 205 and 232 M.): 6.00 Opening. Request Programme. 8.40 "Tunes & Rhythm." 8.58 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.10 "Worth Listening To." 7.30 "New and Anew." 8.00 The Air Force Orchestra. 8.30 Army's Diary. 8.45 Intermezzo. 9.00 News. 9.15 Symphony Concert: Works by Dvorak & Shostakovich. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (19.44, 16.77 & 13.80 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News, News Comment, British Album.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION — English Programme (434 & 468 M.): News. 7.30 a.m., 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m. 7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Emergency. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King. 10.30 B.B.C. Bandstand. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Tailor of Tales. 2.00 Midday Melodies. 2.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 6.45 The Lanitis Programme. 7.45 Strange Stories of the Sea. 10.00 Vanished Without Trace. 10.15 Stars of Songs. 10.30 Danger Point.

VOICE OF AMERICA

8.00 News. 8.15 United Nations in Action — On-the-scene coverage of the U.N. proceedings. 6.00 News. 6.15 United Nations in Action (Repeat of 8.15). 7.00 The Breakfast show: 3½ hours of latest straight, factual news; music, and special features. 12.00 Report to South Asia: News; Regional Feature. 12.00 News; News Analysis. 12.15 The Arts in America. Conversation with Madame Rosina Lhevinne. 17.00 News; News Analysis. 17.15 Report to Middle East: Regional Feature. 18.00 News. 18.15 Opinion Roundup. 19.00 Report to Middle East: News; Regional Feature (Repeat of 17.15 feature). 19.30 Listener's Log. 20.00 Report to Africa: News; Regional Feature. 20.30 The Arts in America (Repeat of 16.15). 20.45 Opinion Roundup. 21.00 News in Special English. 21.15 Music, USA (Popular): Popular music. 22.00 News in Special English. 22.15 Music, USA (Jazz): The Ex-Hermanites. 23.00 News; News Analysis. 23.15 This Week' in Congress. 23.30 Forum (Biological Sciences): Enzyme feed-back controls of living processes, speaker: Henry J. Vogel. 24.00 News; News Analysis. 0.15 The Arts in America (Repeat of 16.15).

Dutch Gov't Queried On Arab 'Ultimatum'

THE HAGUE (Reuter). — A Member of Parliament yesterday urged the Government to "state clearly" that it will not allow its views on closer cooperation between the Common Market and Israel to be influenced by "anti-Jewish pressure" from Arab countries.

The Member, Mr. Gerard Ruygersi, in written questions to the Foreign Minister, asked whether reports on criticism by the Arab League of such closer cooperation were correct and whether this criticism had already assumed the form of an Arab "ultimatum" to Common Market countries as reported recently by the Egyptian daily "Al Ahram."

Under Dutch parliamentary law a government reply must be given within six weeks.

No Special Terms for UK Says 'Market' Chief

STRASBOURG (Reuter). — Professor Walter Hallstein, West German President of the European Common Market Executive Commission, yesterday told Britain — without naming her — that if she wished to join the Six as a full member, she would have to accept the Market as it stands.

Presenting a four-year balance sheet of the six-nation Community's achievements to its 142-member Parliament, he said: "I would compare our community to a ship whose course and speed have been fixed at the start of the crossing. Whosoever wishes to climb on board must not expect the ship to return to her port of call, change course or slow down."

Meanwhile, Mr. Peter Thorneycroft, Britain's Aviation Minister, arrived in Singapore by air yesterday for talks with the Singapore Government on the prospects of Britain's entry into the Market.

Singapore is Mr. Thorneycroft's first stop in a series of visits to Asian countries of the Commonwealth to discuss the Common Market situation.

U.K. Bars Arms Sales To Portuguese Colonies

LONDON (Reuter). — The Government has suspended the granting of licences for British manufacturers to sell military equipment to Portuguese overseas territories. But Portugal's applications for licences would continue to be considered.

Mr. Niall Macpherson, Parliamentary Secretary to the British Board of Trade, made this clear Tuesday in a reply in the Commons to a Labour Member, Mr. Fenner Brockway. He had asked whether the Board of Trade would refrain from granting licences for the sale of arms destined to be used against national liberation movements in Angola and Mozambique.

Earlier another Labour M.P., Mr. George Thomas, had presented a petition in the Commons on behalf of 37,524 Christian people expressing "grave concern about the harsh and repressive policy" of Portugal in Angola.

The petitioners, he said, urged that no British military supplies should be allowed to be sent to Portugal or its overseas territories in Africa elsewhere.

On Monday, Foreign Secretary Lord Home told the House of Lords he was sending the British Consul-General in Luanda and another officer from the Lisbon embassy to see what was going on in Angola. The Portuguese Government had agreed, he added.

BRITISH CAR STRIKE SPREADS

LONDON (Reuter). — An unofficial strike paralysing the giant Ford car plant near here spread yesterday, bringing the total idle to 31,000 and threatening Britain's vital motor exports. Some 1,300 men joined the unofficial strike, protesting at a strong-arm management reply to a pay and hours claim.

Shop stewards warned that the strike would drag on until the holidays begin next month.

KELLER. — Helen Keller, the deaf and blind humanitarian and author, celebrated her 81st birthday in Vineyard Haven, Massachusetts, on Tuesday.

VISITORS' GALLERY

PAINTER WITH LANDSCAPES

Larry Halprin, the landscape architect of the new Hadassah Medical Centre at Ein Kerem and of the Hebrew University campus, has two great passions — painting and nature. These find their expression for him both in conventional painting and in landscape architecture. He has painted with such success that many of his works are exhibited in museums; his creations in landscapes are found in such widely scattered countries as Japan, Hong-Kong, Germany and Israel, as well as throughout the United States.

"I paint a picture at furious speed — sometimes I can finish in an hour," says Halprin, who has the intellectual forehead, wavy hair and bright eyes of an artist, "while landscape architecture can take ten to twenty years to show what I am after. But the two things are closely related. A landscape architect is not a man laying out flower-beds around the building, but a designer of an entire area which should become an organic part of the country and should add great beauty to the national landscape."

Architects' Partnership

Halprin's firm, Lawrence Halprin and Associates of San Francisco, is a partnership of 15 architects which makes it one of the largest of its kind in the world. He explains that landscape architects do not design buildings but help to place them in their proper situation. They plan the roads, highways, paths, drainage, gardens and all other aspects of the surroundings. The land and building must be planned together. In fact, his firm will not accept commissions where buildings have already been erected, as they consider such projects merely filling in blank spaces and not comprehensive planning. They will only participate where they are consulted on the total use. The landscape architect works in close collaboration with the architects of the buildings. He is fully satisfied that the Hebrew University campus and the Hadassah Medical Centre and their surroundings will eventually become places of rare beauty.

Halprin is the son of Rose Halprin, the noted Hadassah and Zionist leader, and of Samuel Halprin, the industrialist. He spent two years in his youth in Kibbutz Ein Hashofet. He has now brought his daughter on a visit to the kibbutz. During World War II he served in the U.S. Navy.

"Our ship was hit in the Pacific and we were sent back to San Francisco for it to be refurbished," he says. "And I spent several weeks in San Francisco. It seemed to me the most beautiful city in the world apart from Jerusalem. I made up my mind to settle there after the war and to become a landscape architect."

Controls Required

An international convention of Landscape Architects is to be held in Israel in 1962. Halprin is preparing the convention and he has also undertaken to produce for the conference a brochure on "The Landscape of Israel."

He considers that Israel has many places of breath-taking beauty and that the landscape can be a perpetual source of pride and pleasure, but that it is very important that these should be controlled in an organised manner under a national park system. *P.G.*

Herzl Memorial Day Next Tuesday

The 57th anniversary of the death of Theodor Herzl will be marked by the World Zionist Executive on Tuesday, July 4 (20th of Tammuz) by two brief ceremonies on Mount Herzl.

At 5 p.m. an exhibition will be opened of new acquisitions for the Herzl Archives and Museum. At 6 p.m. the traditional convocation will take place at Herzl's grave. The public is invited to the second ceremony.

Cables in Brief

PANIC. — Fifty persons were hurt, seven seriously, in a panic when eight bulls on their way to a slaughterhouse broke loose at the railway station in Oporto, Portugal, Tuesday night and charged into streets packed with people, who had just seen off a contingent of troops on their way overseas.

STUDENTS. — The U.S. was host to a record number of foreign students during 1960-61 school year, the Institute of International Education announced in Chicago yesterday, saying 53,107 foreign students from 143 countries were enrolled in 1,666 American schools during the period.

LOCUSTS. — Locusts, which swarmed into Jordan from the Saudian desert this year infesting 250,000 acres, have now been wiped out, the Jordan Agriculture Ministry said yesterday.

WHAT'S ON

JERUSALEM

Holyland Hotel: Five o'clock Tea, Swimming, Dancing & Orch. every Saturday night. Israeli films every Tuesday night. Transport: Hotel bus, opp. Taxi Israel, Tel. 34498/99/30.

Garden of Eden Pension, 5 o'clock tea; Pension-Restaurant, Phone 23221, Beit Hakerem, Jerusalem.

• **Drink & Dance:—**

Relax and have a good time at Bacchus. Tourists welcome too.

Pension Geiger Bar — Restaurant, Beit Hakerem, Tel. 22188.

• **New Israeli Films:—**

Daily showings, Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon, 1 p.m.

• **Tours:—**

Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily, Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.

Yad Vashem, Martyrs' and Heroes' Remembrance Authority. Har Hazikaron — visits to the Memorial Shrine (Ohel Yizkor) and to the new exhibition entitled "Warning And Witness." Sundays to Thursdays, 8 to 6. Fridays and holiday eves 8 to 1.

Hadassah tour at 9 a.m. daily. Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre, Tel. 34081.

• **Exhibitions:—**

Archaeological Museum Department of Antiquities, 29 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. New exhibitions. New Excavations at Akhziv, Exhibition of the month: Phoenician figurines from Akhziv, Permanent Exhibition, 9-1, 3-5.

"The Eichmann Trial", sketches by Miron Sima. Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6.

"Israel Today", permanent exhibition, Binyanei Ha'ooma, 10-1, 4-6.

Bezalel National Museum, Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects. Pablo Picasso — exhibition of graphic work on the occasion of the master's 80th birthday, 9-1, 3.30-6.

Bezalel Art Library: Young Israeli book illustrators: New acquisitions, 9-2.30.

Oils & drawings by Kahana "The Martyr." Rina Gallery, 13 Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka, Tel. 23823, Daily 9-1, 4-7.

• **Zoo:—**

Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: 8-5.30.

TEL AVIV

• **Dine and Dance:—**

Casba Bar-Restaurant, 32 Rehov Yirmiyahu, International Cuisine. Lunch ILS. Aperitif. Dinner Dance, Tel. 42617. Open from 12 p.m. to 2 a.m. Fully air-conditioned.

Zidon Restaurant, 13 Rehov Hacarmel, Tel Aviv, fish specialities. Parking space.

Delphin Bar, 16 Shalom Aleichem: exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists, Tel. 23972.

Adria Night Club, 101 Dizengoff Passage, Tel. 81560, New International Show.

"Pagoda" Restaurant, Exclusive 217 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 43616. evening snack. Easy-chairs, Ping-Pong, card tables, Tel. 932161.

BIN NAMOD

• **Exhibition:—**

Museum of Art (Mishkan Le'omanut): Israeli painters; Jewish genre painters, folk art, sculpture gallery, 9-12; 3-6.

RAMAT GAN

• **Yiddish Theatre:—**

S. Dzigan Troupe: "Don't Pull Me by the Tongue." Rama, 8.30.

ZEMACH

• **Theatre:—**

Ohel: "Haketuba," Amphitheatre

PETAH TIKVA

• **Yiddish Theatre:—**

Joseph Buloff troupe: "Tevya and his Seven Daughters." Helchal, 8.30.

The Most Tender and Touching Love Story of Our Time!

SYLVIA SYMS · MICHAEL WILDING · JOHN PATRICK · RICHARD QUINE
TECHNICOLOR A PARAMOUNT RELEASE

FOR ADULTS ONLY!

Starting Saturday, July 1, 1961, at "YARON" cinema, Tel Aviv.
Shortly: ZION — Jerusalem; MAY — Haifa.

7... 7... 7!
On Friday, 7.7. until 7 p.m., a
Cocktail Party
will be held in honour of the Dagon's 7th birthday. Friends and guests are cordially invited to attend. Please book well in advance for the "candlelight dinner" Friday night in the garden and for the "birthday week-end".
DAGON HOTEL
Bat Yam, Tel. 948

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
ISRAEL-AMERICA SOCIETY
FESTIVAL CONCERT
Under the Distinguished Patronage of H.E. the Ambassador of the U.S.A.
Mr. WALWORTH BARBOUR
To mark the 185th Anniversary of the Declaration of Independence of the United States of America
TEL AVIV — TUESDAY, JULY 4.
Fredric R. Mann Auditorium at 8.30 p.m.
Opening address by the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir
Conductor: Sir JOHN BARBIROLLI
Soloist: JANOS STARKER (Cello)
Programme:
AARON COPLAND: "Quiet City" for Strings, Trumpet and English Horn; DVORAK: Cello Concerto; BEETHOVEN: Symphony No. 5.
TICKETS at Mann Auditorium Box Office (Rehov Hubermann), daily 10-1, 4-6; Friday: 10-1.

INHERIT THE WIND
The sensational legal duel over freedom of expression and thought in STANLEY KRAMER'S film classic.
BERLIN FESTIVAL ACTING PRIZE
SPENCER TRACY
FREDRIC MARCH
GENE KELLY
UNITED ARTISTS
From Sat. eve., July 1, 1961, CINE CINEMA, Jerusalem

לוקי רסטורנט
LUCKY'S RESTAURANT
BUSINESSMEN'S Lunch & Dinner
MENU IL4.50 de cortina Italiana
M. Gastona, chef
1, Rehov Allenby Recommended by Govt. Tourist Corp.
Tel. 23130 Maitre d'Hotel-Manager: Marcus Neuman
FULLY AIRCONDITIONED

CINEMAS

JERUSALEM
3.30, 7, 9 p.m.

CHEN: Happy Anniversary
EDEN: Butterfield 8
EDISON: Mother Don't Leave Me
HABIRAH: Spartacus (4, 8 p.m.)
JERUSALEM: This Happy Feeling
OR GIL: Wild Strawberries (7, 9)
ORION: The Wackiest Ship in the Army
ORNA: Desire in the Dust
RON: Private Property
SEMADAR: Fepiol 1 Diament
STUDIO: Hiroshima Mon Amour
TEL OR: Il Rogette
ZION HALL: The Night Fighters

TEL AVIV
4, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.

ALLENBY: The Magnificent Seven (4, 7.30, 9.30)
ARMON DAVID: School for Scoundrels
BEN YEHUDA: The Virgin Spring (7.30, 9.30)
CHEN: A Cold Wind in August (4, 7.15, 9.30)
EDEN: My Happiness Only With You
ESTHER: Where the Boys Are
GAT: The Spider's Web
MAXIM: Ni Vu . . . Ni Connu
MIGDALOR: Ocean's 11
MOGRABI: Cry for Happy
OPHIR: Spartacus (4, 8)
ORION: Sergeant Rutledge
PARIS: Tender Trap (3.30, 7.30, 9.30)
PEER: Inherit the Wind
SHDEROTH: The Last Tango
TAMAR: Sea of Sand
TCHELET: The Idiot
TEI AVIV: Fishy
YARON: It Started in Naples
ZAFON: Can-Can (7, 9.30)
ZAMIR: Kapo (10, 11.45, 1.30, 3.15, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30)
RAMAT GAN: The Marriage-Go-Round (7.30, 9.30)
RAMA: Ben Hur (4, 8 p.m.)

HAIFA
AMPHITHEATRE: Circle of Deception
ARMON: Rocco E I Suoi Fratelli (3.30, 6.30, 9)
ATZMON: 39 Steps
EN DOR: Commander Cody of the Universe (6.45, 9)
GAL OR: Vera Cruz
MAY: The Great Impostor
MIRON: The Miracle
MORIAH: Once More With Feeling
ORAH: Sinde Lenigen
ORION: The Stranger
ORLY: The League of Gentlemen (7, 9.10)
PEER: Une Fille pour l'Ete (4, 6.45, 9)
TAMAR: The World in His Arms

LYDDA FLIGHTS
THURSDAY
All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: El Al 102 from Johannesburg, Leopoldville and Athens — 0005. El Al 704 from Teheran — 1120. El Al 218 from Istanbul 1415. El Al 206 from New York, Paris and Athens — 1700. El Al 252 from New York, London, Rome — 1805. K.L.M. 538 from Amsterdam and Rome, 1845. TWA 800 from New York, Paris, Rome and Athens — 1915. Olympic 602 from Athens — 2010. Air France 134 from Paris and Rome — 2120. Alitalia 454 from Rome and Athens — 2135. Cyprus Air 62 to Nicosia — 0040.

DEPARTURES: El Al 217 to Istanbul 0700. Swissair 331 to Athens and Zurich — 0900. El Al 227 to Paris, New York — 0900. Alitalia 473 from Rome—0910. Sabena 576 to Vienna and Brussels — 1025. B.E.A. 203 to Athens, Rome and London — 10.30. El Al 426 to Zurich and London — 1300. El Al 207 to Rome, London and New York — 1530.

U.S. Independence Day
GALA BALL
Z.O.A. House
July 3, 1961.

HOLIDAY AND RECREATION
שמשון
SAMSON'S GARDENS
Hotel — Pension
ASHKELON
Tel. 154
Rooms in small cottages, with modern furniture, bath or shower, W.C., telephone in all rooms. Strictly kosher.

WANTED by TRAVEL AGENCY
Booking Clerk (male)
Correspondent
English-Hebrew. Telephone 61480, TEL AVIV.

EXPORT
Israel-Switzerland
Swiss businessman at present in Israel
seeks representation
of local firms in Switzerland, partnership or taking over of goods for delivery considered as well
Offers to "Export", P.O.B. 11079, Tel Aviv.

Wondrous to see... Glorious to hear... A magnificent new motion picture!
WALT DISNEY'S
Sleeping Beauty
TECHNIRAMA TECHNICOLOR
Delightful music, based on Tchaikovsky's "Sleeping Beauty Ballet"
Fares.: Sat., 7 & 9
Weekdays: 4, 6 & 8
A Brilliant Forum release

WANTED TO BUY
BRITISH OR CONTINENTAL
CAR
13-18 h.p. in good condition.
Phone Beersheba 2139 7-10 p.m.

WANTED
LARGE VILLA
As From August in Herzliya Pituah, Kfar Shmaryahu, Ramat Gan for 3-5 years. Unfurnished/Furnished. 3-5 master bedrooms plus maids room. Telephone. Central Heating.
For Monthly Rental.
Write fully to No. 296, P.O.B. 2053, Tel Aviv.

The Hebrew University of Jerusalem
has a vacancy in the workshop of its Development Department for a
MECHANICAL ENGINEER
whose duties will comprise the designing and developing of scientific instruments. Applications to be sent by July 15, 1961, to the Administrative Secretariat, Hebrew University of Jerusalem, in envelopes marked "candidate for post of mechanical engineer".

Lanchette
126 Rehov Dizengoff, TEL AVIV
40% Reduction
for tourists
Jersey Suits and Dresses
Model Galia

The Weather

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	39	18—31	19—30
Tiberias	35	21—36	21—34
Nazareth	52	18—29	19—29
Haifa Port	77	23—26	21—26
Tel Aviv Kirya	66	26—30	26—30
Tel Aviv Port	75	21—28	20—28
Lydda Airport	49	17—32	17—32
Jerusalem	37	19—29	19—29
Beersheba	20	17—34	17—34
Eilat	14	26—40	25—40

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's Temperature range. C) Today's Temperature forecast.

ARRIVALS

Rabbi and Mrs. Hersch Kohn, New York, for a month's visit (on the s.s. Atlantic).

Mr. Eliezer Bodenkin, Director of Mahtsavei Yisrael, from Europe, on a mission for the firm (by El Al).

Messrs. Yitzhak Shimoni and Nakdimon Rogel, of Kol Yisrael, from Paris, in connection with the planning of new entertainment programmes (by El Al).

DEPARTURE

Mrs. Ruth Rucker of Haifa, for Europe to study new methods of forgery detection.

Globke Knew Of Death Camps

Dr. Hans Globke, Secretary of State in the Office of the West German Chancellor, admitted that he had known of the mass executions of Jews in the camps in the East "some years before the end of the war," during his cross-examination as awitness in the trial of members of the German Foreign Ministry in Nuremberg in August 1948.

He told the American Assistant Prosecutor, Mr. Schoenfeldt, that he could not recall the exact date, but that he had known several years before the end of the war that Jews were being deported to the East and killed. He also agreed that the mass executions were known in well-informed circles in Germany at that time.

The news had come in part from soldiers back on leave from the Eastern front, and also from the foreign broadcasts that reported mass killings. Many Germans had listened to these broadcasts, although this was forbidden. Globke said that he himself had also repeatedly listened to these broadcasts, but did not recall having actually heard of the killing of Jews in this manner. He might, however, have done so.

He added "But as I knew of this from other sources in any case I do not remember hearing it in this way."

To a defence lawyer, Dr. Stackelberg, he said that he had known that there had been mass execution of Jews, but that he had thought that there were also other Jews who were not being killed but lived in Germany, either at Theresienstadt or elsewhere in a kind of ghetto.

More Direct Dialling Lines

TEL AVIV. — Direct dialling between the Natanya and Tel Aviv areas and the Hadera and Haifa areas will go into effect as of Friday.

In dialling to the Tel Aviv area from Natanya, Even Yehuda, Kfar Vitkin, and Kfar Yonah, the telephone number must be preceded by "09".

In dealing the Haifa area (which includes Acre and Nahariya) from Hadera, Binyamina, Zikhron Ya'acov, and Pardes Hanna, the telephone number must be preceded by "04".

SIRENS, of particularly strong volume, will be tested between 8 a.m. and 1 p.m. today in the Allenby-Sderot Rothschild of Tel Aviv, in continuous blasts of two minutes duration. In the event of a genuine alarm, staccato blasts of three minutes duration will be sounded.

* * *

We wish to thank all who so kindly expressed their sympathy on the death of our beloved mother, grandmother

SIDONIE SARA ENGEL

nee Michelstadter

A memorial meeting on the 30th day of her death will take place on June 30th at the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery, at 10 a.m.

PORATH FAMILY

Our heartfelt condolences to

Dr. FRITZ NASHITZ

on the death of his

MOTHER

MOSHE LIEBER
Manager of THE LIEBER CO. LTD.
Tel Aviv.

Our sincere condolences to our fellow-member

JUDGE HENRY E. BAKER

on the passing away of his dear

MOTHER

"HAKEREM"
JERUSALEM COOP. HOUSING SOC. LTD.

Sitte Conviction Upheld

'Sentence Too Lenient, Not Harsh'

Professor Sitte and his attorney, Mr. Ya'acov Salomon.

The Supreme Court yesterday dismissed — except for one count — the appeal of Professor Kurt Sitte, former head of the Haifa Technion's Physics Department, who was sentenced to five years' imprisonment on four charges of passing information likely to be of value to the enemy. Two of the convictions carried the additional charge of "intent to harm the interests and security of the state."

In declining to reduce sentence, the Court found that the "punishment was not too severe, but rather too lenient."

The Court's decision was read out publicly yesterday after two months of hearings which were conducted in camera. Only four scientists were allowed to be present as observers during the hearings.

Sitte was sentenced by the Haifa District Court on February 7 on four counts of maintaining contacts with four agents of a foreign country and of passing them information liable to benefit the enemy.

Contact an Offence

In dismissing the appeal, the Court found that the very fact of contact with agents of a foreign power, made in the knowledge that they were indeed agents of this kind, constitutes an offence against the security laws — even if the motive for this contact was not known and even if the court was not informed of the nature of the information passed to the foreign agents and to what extent it was secret.

The Court reversed the District Court's judgment on one count, which concerned a meeting abroad with a fourth agent of the foreign power. The Court found that a doubt existed as to whether the appellant knew this man was an espionage agent. The encounter took place in a scientific institute abroad and there was no certainty the accused was aware of the man's intentions.

In his decision, Justice Silberg found that in offences of this nature, the prosecution was not required to detail in its charge sheet the information passed on to the foreign agents, as argued by Sitte's lawyer, Mr. Ya'acov Solomon. The charge of passing information was sufficient.

Justice Silberg stated that the ancient rule, under which a man is held responsible for the natural consequences of his actions, was applicable in this case as well. There was no doubt that the information passed was liable to be of benefit to the enemy or to harm state security, in view of the relations which existed between the country in question and one of the enemy countries.

Nor was the motive for these meetings relevant, Justice Silberg stated. Even if it was found that Dr. Sitte was motivated in what he did by concern for his family abroad, he would not gain by this in his appeal.

Information Was Secret

The Court was convinced that the information passed by Prof. Sitte to the foreign agents was secret and concerned state security. The fact that the appellant knew of the agents' intentions during these meetings proved criminal intent.

In concurring with Dr. Silberg, Justice Witkon added that the seriousness of the case did not permit reduction of sentence "despite the many achievements to the credit of the appellant as a man and as a scientist, and despite the special regret which any court would have in imposing a severe sentence on a person such as the appellant."

Justice Cohn, who also concurred in the judgment, added that, in his opinion, the District Court had erred in requiring the prosecution to detail in the charge sheet the information passed by Prof. Sitte, as requested by the defence. The prosecution, said Justice Cohn, was required to prove only the fact of contact with foreign agents, while the accused was required to prove there existed a "reasonable explanation" for this contact. In the absence of such an explanation, the very fact of the contact created a presumption of guilt, and there was no need to prove the nature of the information passed, the extent to which it was secret or the absence of authorization to pass it on.

"The natural assumption regarding contact with foreign agents without a reasonable explanation, is that this contact was not made for a discussion of the weather alone, but had a purpose within the framework of the duties of the foreign agent," said Justice Cohn. *(Itim.)*

Nazi 'Mercy-Killer' Employed as Doctor

KIEL (AFP). — A Nazi professor who was among those responsible for the "mercy killing" of close to 100,000 mental patients, has been working in his profession in West Germany under an assumed name, with the knowledge of at least 18 doctors and judges. This was discovered by a parliamentary committee of Schleswig-Holstein.

Prof. Werner Heide was arrested in 1945, but he escaped when being transferred to a different prison. He acquired forged documents under the name of Sawade and obtained employment first as a gardener, then as a sports doctor, and finally as a medical expert.

In the latter capacity, he submitted about 7,000 expert opinions to courts and governmental bodies in Schleswig-Holstein.

"Dr. Sawade's" real identity was known to various persons. In particular, he enjoyed the protection of the Courts Director for Pension Affairs, Dr. Buresch, who was well aware of his past. Dr. Buresch now explains his silence by the local shortage of psychiatrists and neurologists.

6,000 Appeals Against Seker Test Failures

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Ministry of Education is this week to appoint a special committee to deal with some 6,000 appeals by individual elementary schools against the results of *seker* tests which determine a pupil's eligibility for reduced fees in secondary schools.

Over 40,000 eighth grade pupils took the tests last December, of whom only 40 per cent received pass marks.

The test papers of the various schools are marked by a central body of the Ministry. Failure to pass the *seker* besides withholding reduced fees from parents with limited means, makes enrolment in many high schools in the cities very difficult.

Youth Aliya to Resume Taking Local Children

TEL AVIV. — Youth Aliya will resume the absorption of Israeli youth, Mr. Moshe Kol, Head of the Youth Aliya Department of the Jewish Agency, said yesterday. He was speaking at a reception at Beit Sokolow, on the occasion of the publication of his book, *"Masechet Aliyat Hanoar"* (The Youth Aliya Story).

The absorption of Israeli boys and girls in the framework of Youth Aliya had been suspended for lack of funds, Mr. Kol said, but agreement had now been reached between Youth Aliya and the Ministries of Labour and Education which would make it possible to resume this work. The immediate plan calls for the absorption of 400 Israel boys and girls.

It will cost IL50 a month to maintain each child. The two Ministries will contribute IL18 each, and Youth Aliya will pay the remaining IL30. The children will live in kibbutzim. *(Itim.)*

Housing for Western Immigrants at Basheet

TEL AVIV. — The Jewish Agency has authorised Rassco to go ahead with the building of 40 houses and auxiliary farms for Western immigrants at Basheet, near Gedera, it was learned here yesterday.

These houses and farms on two dunams of land each, will be made available to Western immigrants arriving here with personal capital of about $5,000. Prospective immigrants from South Africa have shown interest in the project. Rassco will build "standard" houses, but immigrants will be able to have them built to order at their expense.

Basheet was planned several years ago as a centre for middle class immigrants from English-speaking countries.

Land Prepared For Kibbutz Near Eilat

EILAT. — Two tractors and land-clearing machines yesterday began preparing the terrain for a kibbutz that will go up on the hills along Wadi Radadi, near here soon.

The kibbutz will be settled by a group of Hakibbutz Hameuhad members which established a commune in Eilat six years ago. The Jewish Agency's Settlement Department recently allocated IL500,000 for the establishment of the kibbutz.

The commune now supports itself by working date plantations near Eilat, and by running a machinists' shop and a laundry for outside work. *(Itim.)*

Eshkol Wants C'ttee For M.D.'s Wage Claims

Finance Minister Levi Eshkol last night proposed that the doctors' wage claims be brought before an agreed public committee. Mr. Eshkol put forward this proposal at a meeting with the doctors' representatives, who said they would bring it to the attention of their organisation. It was stated by the Finance Ministry spokesman.

Crash Victims Brought For Burial Here

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The remains of the two Israeli women killed in a road accident in Chicago last week arrived here yesterday aboard an El Al plane. The victims were Shulamit Ha'elyon, 27, sister of Captain Haim Ha'elyon, of the s.s. Shomron, who was injured in the same accident, and Shoshana Barsel, 30, wife of the head of Zim's passenger department.

The funeral of Shulamit Ha'elyon will leave at 3.30 this afternoon from the Ichilov hospital in Tel Aviv. The funeral of Shoshana Barsel will leave at three o'clock this afternoon from the Rambam Hospital in Haifa.

Graphologists Checking Names on New Lists

TEL AVIV. — A special unit of Police graphologists are at present busy verifying the authenticity of the 1,000-odd signatures which endorse each of the four new lists submitted to the Central Elections Committee on Monday.

The authorities may even contact the persons whose names appear on the endorsement sheets to find out whether they actually signed them, should any doubts arise. The law obliges the Central Elections Committee Chairman, Supreme Court Justice Zvi Berinson, to notify the new lists whether they have passed the check or not by July 6, but it is expected that the announcement will be made on July 4. If a list is nullified it stands to lose its IL5,000 deposit.

After the checking ends, the Committee will then have to decide on awarding election symbols. The main contention is over the symbol "Lamed" between the Liberals and the Yemenite Association. But it is understood that the former's chances are best as according to law, priority goes to an existing Knesset faction and to the list which submitted its application first.

Parties to Pay For Propaganda in Army

TEL AVIV. — The expense for posting election propaganda in army camps will be borne by the parties and not by the state. This was decided yesterday by the majority of the Central Elections sub-Committee for the Defence Forces.

The proposal was made by the Chairman, Supreme Court Justice Zvi Berinson, and supported by representatives of Mapai, Mapam, N.R.P. and the Liberals, with Herut and Ahdut Ha'avoda opposing.

The propaganda is in the form of posted lists of candidates and their respective party platforms on special billboards in each camp and by special supplements to the Army weekly "Bamahane."

Previously the expenses involved were defrayed by the state, but with new decision the parties will have to pay costs.

The sub-committee decided to refer to the Central Committee plenum the question whether army polling station committees should be composed according to a party key or should be made up of non-party men.

Parties Set Up Good-Will C'ttee

TEL AVIV. — A good-will committee, comprising representatives of all the main parties compaigning in the present elections in the Tel Aviv-Jaffa district was set up on Tuesday to ensure, "a fair and honourable election campaign."

The committee was set up at the initiative of a public relations man, Mr. Meir Chad, who was elected chairman. Mr. M. Krovka of Poalei Aguda was named Treasurer.

Other members of the "good-will" committee are Messrs. A. Ben Yoser and Y. Yehoshua of Mapai; M. Sharoni of the N.R.P.; Mr. S. Z. Gross of Agudat Yisrael; Dr. Y. Paamoniof of Herut; Y. Wishlitzki of the Liberals; S. Shamir of Mapam; Y. Asns of Ahdut Ha'avoda; and A. Landsman of the Communists.

Ministry Rejects Request To Reinstate S/A Keren

The Ministry of Transport spokesman said yesterday that the Ministry hoped the Air Force would agree to release the Aluf-Mishne the Ministry had requested to serve as manager of Lydda Airport instead of Sgan-Aluf M. Keren, who was on leave from the Air Force but was recently dismissed by the Ministry.

Commenting on the decision of a special Histadrut committee on Tuesday calling upon the Ministry to reinstate S/A Keren, the spokesman said he had nothing to add to the statement made by the Minister of Transport in the Knesset as to the reasons for S/A Keren's dismissal.

Transport Minister Yitzhak Ben-Aharon had told the Knesset, in reply to a parliamentary question, that S/A Keren, who was on loan from the Air Force which had continued to pay his salary, had been employed on a trial basis but had proved unsuited as manager of the airport.

Herut in Afula Labour Council

Jerusalem Post Reporter

AFULA. — By the transfer of their party allegiance to Herut last week, the four former delegates of the Oriental communal parties have given Herut its first foothold in any labour council in the country.

The Afula Labour Council is now composed of 17 councillors, with Herut (4), second after Mapai, which has 10 delegates.

This new division of mandates will probably allow Herut the use of Histadrut halls for rallies and public addresses.

New Immigrants To Adullam Region

TEL AVIV. — The increased flow of new immigrants will be directed, as of next month, for settlement in the Adullam development area in the Jerusalem Corridor, it was learned from the Jewish Agency here.

The new immigrants will first settle at Moshav Aderet, built three years ago. Work is in full swing to improve housing there, and by the time the settlers arrive a kindergarten, school, cooperative store and clinic will be ready, the Jewish Agency spokesman said. Also, water, electricity and telephone lines will be laid on.

At first, the new hill settlers will work at afforestation and reclamation, and sufficient work at IL9 a day has been assured.

Later, it is intended that the Aderet settlers concentrate on cattle raising.

Court Judgment Voided Due To Magistrate's Behaviour

The Jerusalem District Court yesterday voided the judgment of a magistrate in a civil case he had heard, because of the magistrate's unjudicial behaviour.

The District Court, which had received affidavits of one of the parties and his lawyer, ruled that the magistrate's conduct, "the like of which has not been heard within the walls of a courtroom," had created an atmosphere which did not permit the trial to be conducted properly.

According to the affidavits, the magistrate had expressed himself in a manner not in keeping with his position, had attacked the parties before him, and waved his gavel threateningly towards one of the parties during the cross-examination.

The Magistrate — according to the affidavit — also criticised the appellant for his poor knowledge of Hebrew, and advised him to go "where they paint swastikas," when he switched into German in an attempt to clarify his argument.

The District Court decided to void the judgment of the magistrate and return the case for trial to another magistrate. *(Itim.)*

TWO YEARS FOR TAKING BRIBE

AFULA. — Eliahu Levy, 47, local secretary of the Ministry of Health District Office, was sentenced to a two-year prison term for bribery, by Presiding Judge Y. Ben-Zeev in the Magistrates Court here. Levy demanded and received money from Dov Shaner in return for a promise to employ him as a driver in his office. He was an employee of the Health Ministry for 13 years during the British Mandate and continued his service after the establishment of the State.

Dimona's Founding Fathers Still There Five Years Later

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — The 36 original Moroccan families who descended reluctantly from the bus five years ago in the wilderness that is now Dimona, stayed on, Prime Minister Ben-Gurion said yesterday at the ceremony in honour of Dimona's fifth anniversary. Four of the families left — and then came back.

Dimona Mayor Armand Laredo

"I must confess that it is hard for me to understand how they managed to do it," Mr. Ben-Gurion said. "The only explanation is that the desire to conquer the Negev and build the State was in their hearts, whether they realised it or not.

"More immigrants will come, from North Africa, the Soviet Union, and the West, who will raise the population of the Negev to hundreds of thousands within the coming years," he promised.

Commerce Minister Pinhas Sapir said that IL36m. had been invested in the development of Dimona, which now had 7,000 inhabitants and would soon reach the 10,000 mark.

Also present at the celebration were Ministers Josephthal and Shitrit. Before the ceremony the Ministers participated in a festive dinner attended by leading personalities of Dimona.

Vegetable Retailers Reject Blame for Prices

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Retailers last night rejected the blame for inflated vegetable prices, returning the ball to the farmers "whose poor grading was the cause of it all," according to Messrs. D. Shiffman, Y. Appelbaum and M. Rubin, representatives of the Merchants' Association.

Addressing a press conference at Beit Sokolow, the spokesman pointed out that the farmers' grading of vegetables was often deceptive and that greengrocers frequently found second- and third-grade vegetables hidden under the top grade top layers.

They also claimed that wholesale facilities in Tel Aviv were totally inadequate and that the market there as well as the limited number of wholesalers were unable to cope with the technical demands of the grocers, causing unnecessary delays, and raising the costs of handling and transportation.

They also suggested that trading hours in the market be limited since peak prices during the morning hours were usually lowered later during the day, enabling hawkers to buy up supplies at bargain rates and create several concurrent price levels.

They also proposed the introduction of uniform crates so as to avoid additional pitfalls for some greengrocers who found that they had paid identical prices for normal and underweight crates of produce.

EMEK BOY HIT BY TENDER

AFULA. — Eight-year-old Shlomo Baruch was brought to hospital here in a serious condition yesterday after being hit by a tender on the main road of Upper Afula.

Jordan Begins Yarmuk Diversion

By ZE'EV SCHUL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The flow of the Yarmuk River has diminished considerably during the past few days, a fact attributed by well-informed sources here to the first stages of the diversion of the river by the Jordanians.

(The Yarmuk runs down the hills east of Lake Tiberias, forming the frontier between Jordan and Syria, and flows into the Jordan River at Naharayim, south of the Lake.)

Though little information on the progress of the Jordanian Yarmuk scheme is available this side of the frontier, it is believed that Jordans' foreign technicians have come up against a number of unexpected problems, especially in the completion of the Gaulan mountain tunnel leading towards the southern part of the Jordan Valley.

The entire project was initially scheduled for completion by April by which time the Jordanians, regardless of the water rights of half a dozen Israel settlements on the eastern side of the Jordan Valley, intended to utilize the whole of the Yarmuk output for their own use.

Though the river originates in Jordan, Israel has water rights to the river which crosses repeatedly through its territory and at times also constitutes the border with Jordan.

The diversion has been carried out some five kilometres west of Al Hamma, in Jordan territory.

CURRENCY in circulation declined by IL8,714,500 during the week ending Tuesday to stand at IL.343,942,266.05, the Bank of Israel reported yesterday. Gold reserves remained at IL3,379,201.08; foreign currency reserves rose by IL136,356 to stand at IL191,370,619.36; and Treasury bills and Government promissory notes remained at IL73,500,000.

INDUSTRY FINANCE and COMMERCE

Israel Self-Sufficient In Fish by 1962

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — By 1962 our fisheries will supply all local needs and we shall have to find another arrangement to replace the present fillet for citrus exchange agreements we have with some countries, the Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Moshe Dayan, said here yesterday.

Speaking at a reception for the new deep-sea trawler Argad, of the Israel Atlantic Company, he called on the [illegible] to see to it that the fish reach the consumer not very much dearer than the actual fishing costs.

The ceremony was attended by Mr. Y. Meridor, Herut M.K. and one of the partners in the firm; Mr. M. Stern, the General Manager of Rassco, a partner in the firm; Mayor Aba Khoushy; the Norwegian Charge d'Affaires and Mr. Y. Foerder, Chairman of the Board of Bank Leumi.

Greek Firm Opens Venice-Haifa Line

HAIFA. — The Greek Typaldos steamship line yesterday opened a new, regular fortnightly service from Italy, via Greece and Cyprus to Haifa.

The firm's 17,000 tons s.s. Athinai, the largest ship on this run, which arrived yesterday, will ply the route the year round. She has room for 600 passengers in three classes, and is fitted with a swimming pool and other amenities. Fares are said to be cheap, with special reductions for groups.

An innovation of the line is a combined passenger and tour service. For this purpose the ship will make stops at each port of call to enable cruise passengers to go sightseeing. She will stay two days in Haifa each time. Her route will be from Venice, via Brindisi, Piraeaus, Rhodes through Cyprus to Haifa.

CLAIM HOUSING PRICE RISE IS ILLEGAL

TEL AVIV. — A group of ten candidates for Savings-for-Housing flats yesterday filed a request with the District Court here for a declaratory judgment that the recent notice they received increasing the price of their flats is null and void.

The ten home owners, represented by Mr. Z. Schneider, maintain that they signed contracts with the Housing Authority back in 1958. Last July they were notified that they were entitled to housing in the 1960/61 building year.

In May of this year they were notified that the Housing Authority has raised the price of the flats by more than 40 per cent: a flat of 78 sq. m. would cost IL18,700 instead of the IL12,800 agreed upon in the contract.

The applicants argue that the increase is illegal and conflicts with the terms of the contract. *(Itim.)*

Montreal Beats Petah Tikva XI, 4-0

MONTREAL. — The Petah Tikva Israel selected soccer team was defeated 4-0 by Montreal Concordia here last night in section two of the North American international soccer league.

Business Losses Not Deductible from Salary

TEL AVIV. — District Court Judge S.H. Lowenberg yesterday rejected the appeal of a taxpayer against refusal of the Assessment Officer to allow deductions of IL80,000 in business losses of previous years.

The judge ruled that while the taxpayer, Mr. Yisrael Abramsky, had actually suffered business losses, he was today the director of a large firm, rather than an independent businessman, and was therefore not entitled to deduct previous business losses from his current salary for tax purposes.

The appellant argued that he was not a salaried employee: his name did not appear in the list of employees from whom income tax was deducted, he received no fixed salary, and he was not a member of the Company's provident fund.

However the judge found that the appellant occupied a paid position in the firm — "Petrol Gas" — and that he was therefore not "engaged in business" in the accepted meaning of the term. If after suffering the business losses he had gone into another business under his own name, he would undoubtedly have been able to deduct the previous losses, the judge added. *(Itim.)*

Tel Aviv Stock Market

	27/6	28/6
$ LINKED		
3½% Tavel Dollar	101½	101½
3½% Zvudot Dollar	94½	95½
4½% Defence Loan	100	100½
4½% Hous. Loan H	107½	108½
4½% Local Author.	107½	108½
6 % Keren Hay. III	108½	109½
6½% Pal. Elect. 87/6	114½	114
6 % Fert. and Chem	104½	104½
5 % Nat. Oil Co.	99½	99½
C.O.L. LINKED		
4½% Def. Loan	108½	108½
4½% Hous. Loan "A"	108½	108½
4½% Local Author.	110½	111½
6 % Keren Hay. III	107½	108½
6½% Pal. Elect. 87/6	124½	124½
5½% C.O.L. LINKED		
5 % Pal. Elect.	102½	102½
5 % Ind. Dev. B'ds.	102	102½
5 % B'k Leumi Inv.	102½	102½
ORD. SHARES		
Isr. Elec. Ord. Sto.	821	821
Otsar Hityl. reg.	348	348
Gen. Mort. new ba	390	390
B'k. Leumi "A" or	373	373
Develop. Bank	148	147½
Afr. Pal. Invest.	256	252
ILDC 1950	393	391½
Rassco Prof.	176	176
Ata Textile	194½	193½
Dubek	132½	133½
Fert. & Chem.	117½	117½
Pal. Cold Storage	234½	233
Pal. Potash	483	482
Tera	184½	181½
Phoenicia	111½	111½
Paper Mills	170½	170
Rasio & Bel Bros.	267½	271
Shamen	100½	99½
Delek 11/12	306	309
Jordan Explor.	91	90
Elioro Invest.	311	311
B'k. Leumi Invest.	361	360
PREF. SHARES		
4½% Isr. Elect. 2nd I	485	481½
7 % Hous. Mort. B'I	140	148
CURR		
Lapidoth	358	349
Naphta	118½	118
Found. Sh. Dead Sea	394	394

B. Buyers only: Bl ea Div/Coupon

YESTERDAY'S TREND

Dollar Bonds	Firm
Index Bonds	Very firm
Ord. Shares	Irregular

AS REPORTED BY

UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD

Your Investment Advisers

בנק אגוד לישראל בע"מ
UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD

TEL AVIV JERUSALEM HAIFA NATANYA HADERA REHOVOT BEERSHEBA

Tel Aviv, June 1961

Dear Investor,

RE: SHARE ISSUE DEAD SEA WORKS LTD.

You will be aware from recent articles in the daily press that an issue of ordinary shares in the Dead Sea Works Ltd., will be offered to the public.

The purpose of this share issue is to provide the company with additional capital for the ambitious and far-reaching expansion of its operations.

The total share issue is for IL27 million and of this about IL19¼ million have already been taken up in advance by institutional investors, leaving IL7¾ million to be offered to local individual investors. (The total financial requirements of the expansion, of course, are much greater and the bulk of the money needed will be provided by dollar loans from the World Bank and an American Financial Institution totalling IL63 million.)

Various investigations have been made, in particular by the world-famous firm of Arthur D. Little Inc., Washington D.C., consulting engineers, about the probable future profitability of the Dead Sea Works after expansion. We have studied these reports, as far as available to us, and have obtained additional information from the management. We have come to the conclusion that, for all practical purposes, the share issue offered is probably the most interesting long-term investment available on the Israel market. Stress should be placed on the word "long-term" as no big immediate profits are foreseeable, but in 4 to 5 years the rentability of the enterprise, as far as conditions can be anticipated, will be higher than that of any other individual enterprise in which an opportunity to invest is offered at present to the public in Israel.

For those who can afford to wait some years until they reap the real benefit of their investment (as e.g. has always been the case with citrus groves), shares in the Dead Sea Works will, in our opinion, be a valuable acquisition.

The enterprise will pay during the period of expansion, when no high profits can be expected, 5 per cent Dollar-linked interest on the shares.

The shares will be issued at the rate of 107%.

Prospectuses will gladly be sent on request. Please contact our Securities Department to discuss your personal approach to this interesting issue in the context of your other investments.

Dead Sea Works shares are recommended for long-term investment.

Yours faithfully,

UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD.

G. Kenik

The Bank's opinion is offered without any responsibility to the Bank or its officers.

Herzl's Remains Used in Trade

By MACABEE DEAN,
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Eichmann was willing to barter Herzl's remains in exchange for the emigration of 6,000 Jews from Vienna.

This emerged from Eichmann's testimony yesterday in the Jerusalem District Court. Nothing came of this proposal. Herzl's remains were eventually brought to this country and reinterred in the Mt. Herzl Cemetery in 1949.

Dr. Servatius read a report, drawn up by Dr. Loewenherts, which stated: "S.S. Obersturmfuehrer Eichmann expressed his willingness to permit the transfer of the remains of Herzl to Eretz Israel..."

Dr. Servatius: How did this come about and what conditions were attached to this offer?

Eichmann: As I said, Dr. Loewenherts came to me one day with a number of requests I always listened to him in all matters. Among other things, he proposed that Herzl's remains be exhumed. This was in 1939.

Dr. Loewenherts knew my (sympathetic) attitude towards the plight of the Jews, and the favourable orientation I drew from Boehm's book — as I have said here. I had to contact various authorities — the transfer of Dr. Herzl's remains was outside my jurisdiction. I had to run around all over Vienna, and to overcome — and perhaps this was the main thing — the resistance of the Foreign Ministry. But I told Dr. Loewenherts that it was possible to bridge this chasm.'

Help for Eichmann

I told him if I was to look out for his affairs, he should do something for me — arrange for 5,000 additional Jews to emigrate from Vienna. If he could arrange this (that these 5,000 Jews be accepted abroad), the matter would, theoretically, fall within my jurisdiction and thus I would be able to negotiate with the (German) authorities in the matter."

Dr. Servatius quoted from other reports quoting Dr. Loewenherts as saying he had applied to you (Eichmann) about the proposed expulsion of Jews receiving pensions from the State. Why did he come to you? Were you authorized to act?

Eichmann: I knew nothing about this; this explains my answer.

Dr. Servatius: He also came to you in regard to the housing of these Jews? Were you the proper authority?

Eichmann: No. I told him I could do nothing. But he told me that the officials in the Housing Bureau in Vienna were arrogant. This perhaps is proof that in my office, the Central Emigration Office for Jews, the Jews were not treated with arrogance.

Dr. Servatius continued to question the accused on this report, and on others drawn up by other community leaders, to prove that Eichmann had continued to favour emigration "even through Lisbon and the Far East," when this seemed practicable.

Eichmann explained that he ordered the letters of the Jewish Community, which had to conduct a voluminous correspondence to sound out emigration possibilities, censored as a routine war measure (the year was 1940). He had "not placed any obstacles" in the path of Dr. Ruttenberg, who, after winding up his affairs in the Palestine Office, was allowed to emigrate to this country.

"As far as I know," Eichmann said, "he reached this country."

Queried how he had managed to free a person from a concentration camp, the accused explained that Himmler's orders provided that any Jew who could emigrate should be freed from a concentration camp.

Dr. Servatius: This document says that you discussed with the Jewish leaders the "overall solution of the Jewish Problem in Europe and a place of settlement." What does this mean?

Eichmann explained that the "place of settlement" meant the Madagascar Plan, which was being kept a strict secret from the Jews, and the phrase "overall solution" meant settling them there. It did not mean the "final solution".

After Eichmann had commented on these excerpts, most of which were more or less favourable to Eichmann, Dr. Servatius asked him to comment on a report which Dr. Loewenherts had written on October 10, 1960 (18 years after the War).

Dr. Servatius: Did you read this report in its entirety?

"Honest Indignation"

Eichmann: No. I merely leafed through it. I was astounded by what it contained. It is in direct contradiction to Dr. Loewenherts' reports written in Vienna 20 years ago. When I read page 54 and saw that I had been instructed to tell the Jewish community leaders that Himmler had ordered 250 Jews shot dead following the sabotage of the "Red Paradise" Exhibition, I said to myself that this is a flagrant lie and I read no more. Later, I found confirmation for this (execution matter).

Judge Halevi: It was Muller and not you (who had informed the community leaders?).

Eichmann: Yes, Your Honour.

Dr. Servatius quoted from the report of Maurice Hencke! who said "that we were forced to stand from 9 a.m... only Loewenherts and Baeck were allowed to sit for 15 minutes... until at 1.30 p.m. Muller came and told us that this was punishment (for the alleged sabotage).

Dr. Servatius then moved on to the Protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia and quoted from a document which showed that Eichmann had authority only for arranging transports of Jews to Theresienstadt. Eichmann said that he issued directives in other matters, but in this case he only passed on matters which had already been threshed out by his superiors. "The man in charge in Prague was (Hans) Guenther, who Eichmann said was not under his command. (Another Guenther, Rolf, was a member of Eichmann's Department IVB4.)

Sent to Prague to set up a Central Emigration Office for Jews, patterned on the one he had established in Vienna, Eichmann said that he had even allowed two Jewish women, a Mrs. Kafka and Mrs. Shmulka, to go to Paris and London, to arrange for stepped-up emigration. The Jewish authorities had complained that many opportunities to leave the Protectorate were lost because the authorities did not act before the time limit of the emigration visas expired. These two women were sent to see to it that every visa was taken up immediately.

Eichmann admitted that late in 1939 (after the War had started) he had threatened to close the Emigration Office in Prague, unless the Jews could drastically step up the number of emigrants. The reason, he explained, was that "it was wartime and I could not have a bunch of clerks sitting around doing nothing when they were needed elsewhere."

Questioned about Seidl's statement during the Nuremberg trials, that Eichmann had ordered the execution of a group of Jews in the Theresienstadt camp for "bribing clerks and smuggling letters," Eichmann stated that he was not authorized to issue such a death order, and that he had neither initiated it nor signed it. The only person who could sign such an order was the senior officer of the SS and police, K.H. Frank.

Seidl had said that a telephone order was received some time later to execute nine more Jews. "The actual order was not sent for security reasons." Eichmann also denied that he had any part in this second round of executions, although he said that the death orders must have come from Prague since the only person authorized to issue these orders had his headquarters there.

Dr. Servatius: The Order of the Day, issued in Theresienstadt on January 16, 1942, talks about your "inspection visit." Was the camp under your control?

Eichmann explained that while the camp was not under his control, he was frequently ordered to go on trips for Muller, or for Himmler "who had a special interest in the camp." It so happened that the Council of Elders in the camp had heard that he was there on an "inspection trip" and had written this in the "Order of the Day."

Eichmann said that his visit to Theresienstadt had come shortly after the order to execute the nine Jews had been received, and the Council of Elders had appealed to him to ease regulations banning the sending and receiving of letters. Eichmann recalled that, on his return to Prague, he had brought the matter before the authorities, and on January 23 the regulations pertaining to letters were made less strict.

'Crystal Night' Upset Eichmann

By DORIS LANKIN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

"I built up an organization and they destroyed it for me." Adolf Eichmann told the Jerusalem District Court yesterday in describing the effects of the "Crystal Night" in Vienna on his work in the Emigration Department.

"My first reaction was to rescue all my files—the fruit of six months work. But the operation was set in motion without informing the S.D. in advance. I was too late. Only part of the files was saved."

What the "Crystal Night" — November 9, 1938, when Jewish institutions all over Germany and Austria went up in flames — meant to Eichmann formed part of his testimony yesterday on his work in Vienna.

One of his first tasks, he said, had been to explain the new policy of the R.S.H.A. towards the Jews to the local Gestapo officers and the State Police in Vienna. "Previously," he said, "the Gestapo had concentrated on arrests, dispersion and dissolution. So that soon after the Anschluss they had arrested all the leading Jews and closed down Jewish organizations. The new policy of the R.S.H.A. was, however, aimed at the emigration of the Jews. And to this end the services of organized Jewry were required. Only the State Police could, however, arrange for releases and give permission for the re-opening of Jewish institutions and offices. The department to which I was attached — the S.D. — had no such executive powers."

Aids Loewenherts

After the principles of the new policy had been grasped by the State Police and the Gestapo, Eichmann was able to secure the release of Dr. Loewenherts, and his appointment to the post of Director of the Jewish Community Council. In this capacity, Dr. Loewenherts frequently appealed to Eichmann for assistance when he encountered bureaucratic difficulties. Amongst other requests from Dr. Loewenherts, there were repeated pleas to obtain the release of various Jewish leaders still under detention. In this connection, Eichmann successfully intervened with the State Police to get the transfer of Dr. Friedmann, the President of the Vienna Jewish Community Council, from the Dachau concentration camp to a prison in Vienna from where, insofar as he could remember, he was later released.

Eichmann evidently had his own troubles in Vienna. At first he was only a one-man department, without even a secretary. He thought he should be promoted and transferred to a more important job, although he liked his work in Vienna. But Six, his superior, thought otherwise, that because of his expert knowledge and his experience in dealing with emigration matters he should remain.

In Vienna, however, he had no exclusive authority whatsoever, even in matters of Jewish emigration. He had to get instructions from Stahlecker, his immediate superior in the S.D. and the emigration department and had to apply to the State Police when anything had to be done. The Gestapo was also involved, as every emigrant had to apply to it for a travel document. Even in the matter of arrests and confiscations the S.D. had no authority but could only accompany the Gestapo.

Helps Emigrants

Eichmann explained to the court how he had succeeded in furthering the emigration of Viennese Jews by putting through a proposal for the Community Council to retain the foreign currency it received from welfare organizations abroad.

In accordance with the finance regulations, he explained, all foreign currency had to be declared and changed into local currency at a fixed rate of exchange. Dr. Loewenherts had explained to him that under these regulations all the money sent to the Jewish organizations to enable Jews to emigrate had also to be handed in to the banks. As, however, all the countries to which the Jews could emigrate had, without exception, demanded that each emigrant bring with him a certain fixed sum of foreign currency, this regulation seriously hampered emigration activities.

Eichmann had, therefore, proposed to the Minister of Economy that the Council be allowed to sell foreign currency to Jews wishing to emigrate at a higher rate of exchange and then use the surplus so acquired to lend Jews without means the foreign currency necessary for their emigration. This was to be returned in instalments once they had arrived at their destination. The proposal was accepted.

At the beginning of yesterday morning's session, Eichmann's counsel, Dr. Robert Servatius, completed "the Reich episode" of his client's career. Amongst other things, Eichmann, in reply to questions on documents stated:

- that only Pahl (of the Administration and Economy Department) could have given instructions that the Lodz ghetto should be turned into a concentration camp;
- that his department had never had anything to do with the administration of property confiscated from the Jews;
- that the only information which his department had about Gershon Wilner, on whose behalf the Argentine Embassy and the Reich Foreign Ministry had intervened, was that it had received from the Security Police and the S.D. in Cracow. According to this information Wilner had died in the German prison in Tarnow, on April 17, 1942, from a heart attack "despite having been treated with stimulants" and that he had never been sent to Auschwitz;
- that despite the intervention of the Italian Embassy, the Reich Foreign Ministry and the Italian Fascist Party, it had been impossible to allow the Jewess Kotzi, widow of an Italian officer, to return to Italy as she had already, in the course of evacuation operations, been sent to the Riga ghetto and Himmler had given very strict orders that no Jew who had been "ghettoised" should be allowed to emigrate. Only Muller could have asked Himmler to make an exception in any particular case and he had not been inclined to do so in this case.

Verwoerd Stands Firm

S.A. Economy Cushioned Though Riding for A Fall

By STANLEY UYS

CAPETOWN (OFNS). — OPPOSITION M.P.s here are predicting a bleak future for the new Republic. Already architects and builders—a reliable barometer of a non-expanding economy — are complaining of an alarming decline in activity. Unemployment is feared, a fall in living standards, and possibly even devaluation of the Rand (the new currency).

The Government, however, has made it plain that it is not prepared to modify its race policies in any way to restore confidence in South Africa and to restart the inflow of foreign capital. Government M.P.s have suggested that an economic "squeeze" is being applied to try to force South Africa to modify its apartheid policies; but, they state, the Government will not yield an inch. The slightest concession to non-whites in the form of political rights, they say, would mean the beginning of the end of the white man.

Government supporters are not exercising pressure on Dr. Verwoerd to modify his race policies, because they are not feeling the economic pinch yet. The Afrikaner section of the population, from which the Government draws its support exclusively, controls less than 10 per cent of the economy. English-speaking supporters of the Opposition parties, who control the remaining 90 per cent of the economy are feeling the pinch, cannot but influence the Government.

Many Government-supporting Afrikaners are employed in the Public Service or in other Government and semi-Government undertakings and their incomes are assured for the time being. So are the incomes of the tens of thousands of Government-supporting farmers.

Revolt Stifled

Dr. Verwoerd's hold over his Afrikaner followers remains as firm as ever. He has stifled some minor revolts among Afrikaner intellectuals and has enforced "unity" in the Nationalist Party by identifying the Nationalist Party with the survival of Afrikanerdom, and by identifying Afrikanerdom with the survival of the white man in South Africa.

A unique set of circumstances protects the Government against immediate pressures: the isolated nature of the Afrikaner people, the way in which the diamond, wool and other exports which have carried the economy through periods that would have rocked most other countries, and the current lack of opposition from whites and non-whites.

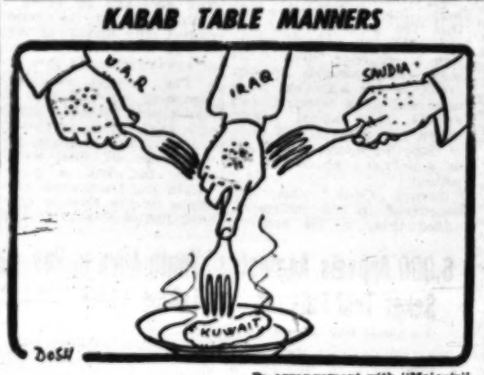
The white Parliamentary Opposition today is ineffective. When it attacks the Government on race issues, it is accused by Ministers of aiding the non-white political organizations. It is sensitive to this kind of criticism. It believes its white supporters will not allow it to go too far in this direction. The white political organizations outside Parliament are courageous, but they are small and constantly harried by the political police.

Since the failure of their "stay-at-home" demonstrations on the eve of the republic, the country's 12,000,000 non-whites have kept their thoughts to themselves. Their attempt to stage a national, peaceful protest failed. Now they are wondering what they can do next.

There is hardly anything they can do in the way of political activity which is legal. Their leaders who disappeared underground during the stay-at-home campaign are being arrested as they reappear. Charges of incitement hang over a number of heads.

This is the situation in the month-old Republic of South Africa: there is no immediate threat of revolutionary political activity, but there is the threat of a steady drift to economic disaster.

KABAB TABLE MANNERS



By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Kuwait Dispute and Israel

Ha'aretz (non-party) comments on the Kuwait dispute: "Kassem's historical arguments are unfounded. The Turkish Government could, using similar reasoning, proclaim tomorrow that it considers Iraq part of the Turkish Republic." Commenting on Nasser's support for Kuwait independence, the paper declares: "It is difficult to avoid the suspicion that Egypt's enthusiasm for Kuwait sovereignty is the enthusiasm of one who hopes, when the time comes, to take over power there. On the face of it the British find themselves allied with Nasser against Kassem... It is true that the British have had a great many difficulties with Kassem in connection with the affairs of the Iraq oil companies; but who can be sure that they will not have similar or even greater difficulties when Kuwait's petroleum falls into the hands of the UAR, or Saudi Arabia, or both of them together?"

Haboker (Liberal) writes: "The present situation should be a lesson to those Western elements which think that Israel is the only disturbing factor in the area as far as the Arabs are concerned. The real cause of disquiet was, and remains, Nasser. If Kassem were not afraid that Nasser would steal Kuwait, it is doubtful whether he would have hastened to involve himself in the present imbroglio." The paper then warns that Western appeasement of Nasser "increases his agressiveness."

Hatsofe (National Religious Party) speculates whether Kassem's move was prompted by a desire to reach Kuwait before Nasser did, or whether the Soviet Union is backing Kassem in an attempt to undermine the West's position in Kuwait. While the present controversy may divert the Arabs' attention from Israel, "it is unlikely that they will completely abandon the only thing that serves to preserve imaginary Arab unity." Even if Middle East attention should now be centred on Kuwait, Israel must remain on the alert because "disturbances in Kuwait can indirectly, or directly, influence our struggle."

Herut takes no stand on the dispute since in any case all the Arabs are united in their hostility towards Israel. "It would be a fatal error on our part to believe that the Kuwait dispute will divert the Arabs' attention from the Israel problem," the paper declares. Israel, it adds, must not "allow her foundations to be undermined by the return of Arab refugees, whatever their number."

Omer (Histadrut) says that the recent statements about increased immigration stemmed from the need to convince Jews of the importance of contributing funds for absorption. However, the paper goes on, excessive publicity may endanger the immigration. Institutions, speakers and newspapers must show more restraint in discussing this question. If this is not done, "the Government will have to use its authority to change the regulations governing the publication of information on immigration." The paper also suggests that the political parties in Israel conduct a quiet fund-raising campaign.

Reader's Letter

JERUSALEM STATION

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — With regard to the Railways' reply on the matter of the Jerusalem Railroad Station (your issue of today), I should like to remind Mr. Gabrieli that:

1) gradients on the Jerusalem line go up to three per cent and not a mere 1.5;

2) three per cent gradients are common on Alpine passes and they, too, were built 70 years ago and more;

3) the gradients and the age have nothing to do with the present location of the Jerusalem Railway Station. It is a matter of town planning to provide for a right-of-way but one may suppose that is a lost cause by now.

Yours, etc.,
E. BRAILOWSKY
Jaffa, May 4, 1961.

Railways Reply

The figure for the gradients was erroneously put at 1.5 while actually in places it does come up to 2.5.

It was not maintained that the gradients or the age of the line have a direct bearing on the location of the station but that the present track has. As a matter of fact, the Jerusalem line was constructed as a narrow gauge for the benefit of Muslim, Christian and Jewish pilgrims in 1892, i.e. at a time when most of the present-day Jewish quarters outside the City walls were non-existent. Pilgrims seem then to have been interested mainly in the Old City and Bethlehem, and the location of the station was chosen accordingly.

As no funds are available at present for rebuilding the line on a different track, we try to raise the standard of service by continuously improving the track, the rolling stock, etc., and connecting Jerusalem with distant regions in the country, such as Western Galilee, etc.

M. GABRIELI,
Public Relations Officer
Israel Railways

Haifa, June 18.

WHETHER MAN OR WOMAN OR CHILD

Wherever you are

let Wellaton accompany you. You will find it pays to be well groomed, always.

Wellaform

Nourishes scalp. Keeps hair in place longer — no need for hair spray. Does not make hair greasy.

HERTZ RENTS THE CARS YOU LIKE TO DRIVE!
MORRIS OXFORD
FORD TAUNUS
Daily IL12 + 0.13 per km.

STUDEBAKER LARK
FORD FALCON
Daily IL19.50 + 0.175 per km.

CHEVROLET BELAIR
IL26 + 0.175 per km.

REDUCTIONS ON LONG TERM RENTALS
JERUSALEM: Phone 24556
TEL AVIV: Phone 81261
AVIA HOTEL Phone 67371
HAIFA: Phone 4100

LUCKY DRIVE LTD.
LICENSEES

MILA 18
by LEON URIS
The novel of the Uprising in the Warsaw Ghetto.
Available everywhere
Reprinted in Israel by
Steimatzky's Agency Ltd.

KEEPING POSTED

A TOURIST boarded a Haifa bus the other day and asked the driver how to get to a certain street. It transpired that the driver spoke some English but did not know where the street was. A couple of passengers, on the other hand, knew the street but no English. There was a rather involved conversation as the bus climbed the hill, with the driver trying to interpret as well as drive. Suddenly it was discovered that the tourist spoke Yiddish much better than English and now everybody understood everybody else perfectly. "Why

didn't you speak Yiddish straightaway?" asked one of the passengers. The tourist thought this over for a moment, and with a glance at the rather husky-looking driver said, "You know, in the States, I can always tell at once who might speak Yiddish."

• • •

LAST Friday the phone rang in our flat (writes a correspondent). My wife answered it. A strange voice, a woman's voice asked: "How are you, Auntie?" — "Are you sure you dialled the right number, miss?" She added "Miss" in deference to the English language used by the stranger. "We are fine." — "That's right. I will explain. We are two girl-soldiers, came into Tel Aviv just now, we don't know a soul here and decided to try phoning somebody. For luck, we chose the numbers of tomorrow's date: 24.6.61. You are not cross, are you, Auntie?" My wife is not O. Henry, who might have seen the thing through in order to know the end of the story, and was not in a mood to invite the girls to tea.

For a lucky number, always try the same day's date.

• • •

THERE was a woman in the market just in front of us, tidy but not smart, and muttering to herself. We asked what was wrong. "There he is at it again," she said. A young man at the fruit stall seemed to be blowing on his plums. It certainly did not look hygienic. We decided we did not like that kind of plum anyway and began to move on. The young man was just as indignant as the woman. He also looked rather clean and tidy; modern, in an indefinable way. "Been telling you not to buy, has she, the old witch? That's smoke I blow on the fruit. Keeps the flies away. Doesn't she know flies bring disease? Some people don't ever seem to have gone to school. You know half the people don't bother to wash their fruit. Does she want them all to get typhoid?"

• • •

WE were debating election prospects. There were some Liberal enthusiasts present. "We are going to get at least one seat from Herut," said one. "They really want a change and know that they are never going to get it through their own party." Another said they were going to get back some of the people who used to vote General Zionist but left the party because of all the fights inside the party. "And, of course, all the people in Mapai who feel it's time they showed their independence." "Yes, naturally," said a fourth, "but consider that all four of us are going to be away abroad on election day. The 50,000 or so people likely to be away on August 15 are about enough for six seats, at least four of which would be ours, if we were going to be here."

• • •

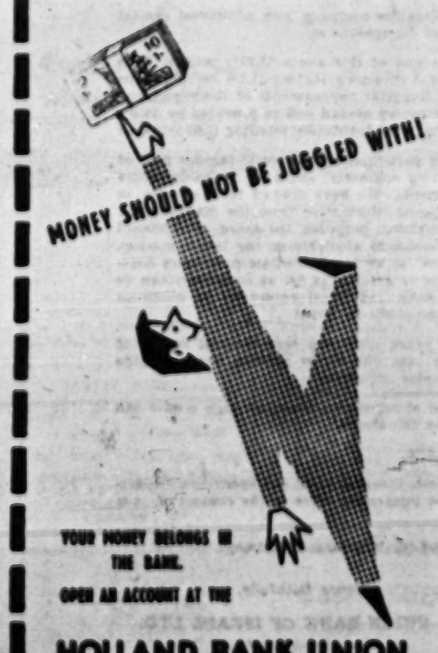
THE tourist was back home in Israel. Italy had been beautiful, but trying to eat in cheap places difficult because they knew so little Italian, just the words you find in music. One evening they decided to have eggs. No eggs in Mozart or Beethoven. They drew ovals on the

table-cloth with their fingers, but the waiter brought rolls. Finally the wife, who is the less shy of the couple, flapped her hands up and down with bent elbows and tried to cackle like a hen that has just laid an egg; her husband said later he had also taken it for a rooster crowing, and thought she'd changed her mind and wanted chicken. The waiter brought apples. At this point a priest most providentially sat down at the next table and interpreted. He even knew some Hebrew. After their eggs had been eaten she was still curious to know why her histrionic effort, poor as it might have been, should have produced apples. The waiter said in their village the roosters were always flying up and pecking the apples. Perfect plague it had been.

Travel broadens the mind. When the Liberals come back, they can take over the Ministry of Agriculture.

Today's contributors include R.R., Haifa, and S., Tel Aviv.

HBU HBU



YOUR MONEY BELONGS IN THE BANK.
OPEN AN ACCOUNT AT THE
HOLLAND BANK UNION
HAIFA TEL AVIV
14, BANK ST. 4, ROTHSCHILD BLVD.

The quality of your picture depends upon your development.
We pay special attention to every individual photograph.
20% CHEAPER
50% QUICKER
100% BETTER
Development of your films in our darkroom.
Free advice and Instruction
מרכז השלום
21 Rehov Gordon, Tel Aviv.
All round photographic service.

Now on Sale
SELECTION
Juillet, 1961
Prix: 80 ag.
EN VENTE PARTOUT
GARE aux ACCIDENTS... MÊME CHEZ VOUS
Des milliers de personnes meurent chaque année d'accidents " bêtes " survenus même à la maison... C'est si grave que *Sélection* vous offre GRATUITEMENT en supplément à son numéro de Juillet, un véritable guide des premiers soins : 32 pages détachables qui peuvent sauver votre vie ou celle des vôtres. Achetez dès aujourd'hui votre *Sélection* de Juillet.

Notice to Citrus Growers
PEST EXTERMINATION
has begun in the citrus groves.
We have spraying and dusting machines in all parts of the country.
Growers interested in pest extermination are invited to visit our Head Office in Tel Aviv or the offices at the following Packing Stations: —
NATANYA — At the Railway Station, Tel. 3983
REHOVOT — At the Railway Station, Tel. 951139
★
Free information and advice
★
A. BEN-EZER AND SONS LTD.
Citrus Farming and Marketing Company
3 Rehov Levontin, Tel Aviv, Telephone 65738

VENEZIA
ADRIATICA
m.v. ENOTRIA
Arriving in Haifa at 6 a.m. on July 4, 1961, Leaving the same day at 11 p.m. for Larnaca, Piraeus, Bari, Venice, Trieste.
m.v. MESSAPIA
Arriving in Haifa at 6 a.m. on July 11, 1961, Leaving the same day at 11 p.m. for Larnaca, Rhodes, Piraeus, Naples, Genoa.
We accept bookings for passengers and cargoes to America — Australia — India — South Africa etc. with trans-shipment at Genoa or Trieste on the vessels of the
ITALIA & LLOYD TRIESTINO LINES
For further particulars, please apply to your Travel Agent, or to:
Adriatica S.P.A.N.
HAIFA: 104 Derech Ha'atzmaut, Tel. 68177-8-9. P.O.B. 1530
TEL AVIV: 6 Rehov Hess, Tel. 67588/9, P.O.B. 4332
JERUSALEM: King David Hotel Annexe, Tel. 24901 P.O.B. 680

THE PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE
INFORMATION CENTRE
THE UNIT FOR INFORMATION AND SPECIAL EVENTS
TONIGHT, June 29, 1961 at 8.30 p.m. at the Amphitheatre of Beit Rothschild, Merkaz Hacarmel, there will take place
An evening on
HOLOCAUST AND HEROISM"
with the participation of
• DAVID HACOHEN, M.K.
• YITZHAK ZUKERMAN (Antek)
• A. HOTER-ISHAI, Advocate
Moderator: M. FUCHS
Head of the Northern District Office of the Information Centre.
A Documentary Film will be screened at the end of the evening.

Ministry of Transport
Shipping and Ports Division
Sea Training Department

Marine Wireless Ltd.
Haifa

Registration for Course Preparing Merchant Marine Wireless Officers

• The course is intended for persons up to 35 years of age, after army service, with vocational school education from schools in electricity, radio and electronics.
• For particulars and registration please apply to the Marine Training Department, Shipping and Port Division, Room 30, 30 Derech Ha'atzmaut, Haifa, daily from 9 a.m. till 2 p.m.
• Registration will be closed on June 30, 1961.